McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXVI   SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1889.   NUMBER 33

McKean County Miner

[illegible] RICHARDS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

[illegible] N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives [illegible] p. m., and leaves at [illegible] R. R. arrives at 10 a. m. [illegible] a. m. and 3:10 [illegible]

[illegible] Mail leaves at 12:14 p. [illegible] Tuesday, Thursday [illegible] and departs at 1:30 p. [illegible]

[illegible] before leaving time. [illegible] be issued or Letters [illegible] and 7:00 p. m. [illegible] for delivery of mail.

[illegible] WILSON, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

[illegible] No. [illegible], F. & A. M., meets on [illegible] Wednesday of each [illegible] p. m., at Masonic Hall.

F. R. FOSTER, W. M.

[illegible] Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

[illegible] Lodge, No. 182, meets every [illegible] Tuesday evening of each [illegible] A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

C. LYMAN, M. W.

[illegible] Recorder.

E. A. U.

[illegible] and third Wednesday evenings [illegible]

I. ROBBINS, President.

[illegible], Secretary.

G. A. R.

[illegible] meets every Thursday evening [illegible], in the A. O. U. W. Hall.

H. M. CHOATE, Com.

[illegible] Adjutant.

W. R. C.

[illegible] Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. [illegible] Block.

[illegible] Pres.

[illegible], Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.

[illegible] every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in [illegible] Hall.

A. R. [illegible], N. G.

[illegible], Sec'y.

K. O. T. M.

[illegible] Monday evening at 7:30 in Backus [illegible]

L. S. REYNOLDS, Com.

[illegible], R. K.

W. C. T. U.

[illegible] every alternate Friday afternoon, at [illegible] Temperance Headquarters.

MRS. S. A. SOULE, Prest.

[illegible] RICHMOND, Sec'y.

Y. W. C. T. U.

[illegible] Friday evening, at 7:30, in Temperance Headquarters.

MRS. W. P. [illegible], Pres.

MISS [illegible] BURNHAM, Sec'y.

Knights of St. Martin and the Iron Cross.

[illegible] Backus Hall on first and third [illegible] in the month at 8 p. m.

[illegible] WALLING, S. K. C.

[illegible] GALLUP, Scribe.

[illegible] McCANDLESS, Warden.

Smethport Encampment, No. 273, I. O. O. F.

[illegible] First and Third Wednesdays of [illegible] month in Backus Hall.

[illegible], Chief Patriarch.

[illegible], Scribe.

Churches.

Methodist. [illegible], pastor. Preaching [illegible] a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath school immediately after morning services. Class Meeting at 9:45 a. m. Sunday. Prayer Meetings Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. [illegible] meetings Friday evening at 7 o'clock. [illegible] Meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

Baptist. REV. WM. [illegible], pastor. Services at [illegible] a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school [illegible] after morning services. Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings at 7. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every two months. All are welcome.

Episcopal. [illegible] McCANDLESS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. [illegible] at 8 a. m., excepting first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.

[illegible] Chapel—East Smethport. [illegible] McCANDLESS, Rector. [illegible] every Sunday at 3 p. m. Sunday school [illegible] p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets [illegible]

[illegible] Catholic Church. M. J. [illegible], pastor. Mass at 11 a. m., services at 11:30 [illegible] Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and [illegible]

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] morning at 10:30; Sabbath [illegible] preaching every Sunday [illegible] class meeting at close [illegible]. Prayer meeting Thursday [illegible]

[illegible] pastor. Preaching [illegible] meeting after service, [illegible] p. m.

MASONS' SUPPLIES!

Fresh Lime, Plaster, Cement,

[illegible] Hair, Tile of all kinds, Fire and [illegible] Brick, kept constantly on hand and for sale by

A. REILLY,

SMETHPORT, PA.

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

P. D. HOPKINS

Successor to C. L. Douglass.

Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Dealer in—

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for cash.

W. T. CALLAR,

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

DEALER IN—

Drugs : and : Medicines,

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes,

Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

BRICK DRUG STORE,

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

T. H. PURTLE,

General Blacksmithing,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKS,

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Repairing in all its branches promptly done. [illegible] competent workmen, I am able [illegible] first-class work at moderate prices.

Horseshoeing -:- A -:- Specialty

Agent for [illegible]'s Celebrated Hoof Expander, a sure cure for contracted feet. A reward of $100 will be paid for any case of contraction that cannot be cured by the use of this appliance.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

JOHN N. APPLE, Notary Public.   J. W. BOUTON.

Apple & Bouton.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on first floor of Henry Hamlin's bank building, Main St., Smethport, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to. Examination and abstracts of land titles, Orphans' Court practice, and collections specialties.

R. B. STONE, W. W. BROWN, O. A. STURGEON

Stone, Brown & Sturgeon.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office: Pompelon Hall, Bradford, Pa.

Geo. A. Berry.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Rooms 4 and 5 Berry & Melvin Block, Bradford, Pa.

BYRON D. HAMLIN.   JOHN FORREST.

Hamlin & Forrest

LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the lands of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly Keating & Co.) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

Richard H. Rose.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR. Office over H. Hamlin's Banking office, Smethport, Pa.

Sheridan Gorton.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Office in Backus Block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

R. L. Keenan.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Chautauqua House, Smethport, Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

P. Ford.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office: Miner Block, Church Street, Smethport, Pa.

J. R. Wallace.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Bradford, Pa. Claims promptly collected.

H. McSWEENEY.   E. M. BYLES.

McSweeney & Byles,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, Room: Producer's Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

Mullin & McClure,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Corner Main and Pine Sts. Bradford, Pa.

James C. Hayes,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND COUNSELOR IN PATENT CAUSES. Office: Room 5, Cor. Main & Webster Sts. Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

E. R. Mayo.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Gleason block, Smethport, Pa.

P. R. Cotter.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Eldred, Pa. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Physicians.

S. L. Wells, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office at the Drug Store of H. C. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCoy.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in E. D. McCoy's drug store, Main street, Smethport Pa.

S. D. Freeman.

SURGEON, obstetrician and consulting physician and surgeon. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 6 p. m., Smethport, Pa.

Dr. Harry Chadwick,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Prompt attention given to calls day or night. Office: One door east of W. T. Callar's drug store.

C. M. COLEGROVE,

County and Practical Surveyor!

Smethport, Penn'a.

July 22, '87.

HOTELS.

WRIGHT HOUSE

Main Street, Smethport, Penn'a; B. F. Wright, Proprietor.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

Grand Central Hotel,

Main Street, Smethport, Pa. F. N. Taylor, Proprietor.

This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

COLEMAN HOUSE,

ELDRED, PA.,

Opposite the B., N. Y. & P. Railroad Depot.

On the European Plan.

Newly refitted and refurnished. First-class Restaurant in connection with the House. Terms reasonable.
Dec. 17, 1886.

BUCKTAIL HOTEL

Kane, Pa. R. E. Looker, Proprietor.

Remodeled and refurnished, and one of the best hotels in McKean County.

THE FLEMING HOTEL,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF BANK,

KANE, - - PA.

This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style. First-class accommodations for the traveling public.

JOHN FLEMING, Proprietor.

A. M. RAY,

TONSORIAL ✧ ARTIST.

Special attention is given to cutting Ladies' bangs in all the leading styles. Ladies can feel perfectly safe in calling at my shop, as the strictest order is maintained.

Hair Tonic and Dandruff Cures for sale.

Shop three doors east of Chautauqua House, Smethport, Pa.

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE!

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on hand.

Friends and patrons are invited to

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St.,   Smethport, Pa.

THE ODD FELLOWS.

Meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge at Columbus, O.

IT WILL BE A GREAT EVENT.

Brethren from All Parts of the World to Participate—The Patriarchs' Militant Parade—Prizes Offered—A Rebekah Convention to Be Held at the Same Time.

The sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows will convene in Columbus, O., Sept. 16 to 21. The preparations on the part of the local lodges, enthusiastically aided by the citizens, are second only to the interest which prevailed when arrangements were being made for the entertainment of the national encampment of the Grand Army there last year. The coming event will be the first convocation of the sovereign body since the location of its headquarters in that city, and the central and convenient situation have led the officers, as well as the third Odd Fellow state in the Union, numerically considered, to put forth their best efforts for the entertainment of those who will be the city's guests.

In view of the rapid growth of the Patriarchs Militant, there has been ordered a grand parade, with a recommendation for a general ingathering of Odd Fellows from all parts of the world. Grand Sire Underwood, who has been traveling in a number of states in the interest of the coming meeting and for the purpose of looking after the organization of additional bodies of the Militant, expresses the opinion that there will not be less than 20,000 members present. The grand parade will take place Wednesday, Sept. 18. There has already been a number of orders issued in regard to this event.

CAPITOL, COLUMBUS, O.

The Second army corps, composed of the several states adjoining Ohio, has been ordered to appear and take part in the parade and prize drills and concerts. The commanding officers are charged with the duty of ascertaining the number who can appear in bodies and report the same to headquarters. Bodies from the adjoining departments of the Militant will assemble as follows: From Michigan and Ontario, at Toledo; eastern Kentucky, etc., at Ashland, Ky., or Portsmouth; from West Virginia, at Marietta, Pomeroy or Gallipolis—and by such means obtain advantage of the extremely low rates of transportation which have been secured from those points. Through the efforts of Grand Sire Underwood very low rates have been secured, and it is understood that no delegate nor any of those who participate in the Militant feature of the gathering will have to pay more than one cent per mile.

To assist in perfecting the arrangements for low transportation, officers have been appointed at Cincinnati, Toledo, Cleveland, Ashland, Ky., Portsmouth, Gallipolis and other points. Organized bodies of the Patriarchs Militant and detached officers and chevaliers from the First and Third army corps and the grand department of the Pacific will be represented and will be permitted to participate in the parade and competitive drills. Dispensations such as the exigencies of the occasion require will be granted by the grand sire to enable organized bodies to attend. Visiting cantons are expected from all parts of the country.

GRAND GUARDIAN PERKINS.

The Columbus lodges have raised considerable money to be used as prizes for the competitive drills. These prizes aggregate $3,275 in cash. Two prizes of $500 and $300 are offered to the first and second best drilled cantons having taken part in previous competitive drills and won a prize therein, canton to consist of not less than three officers and twenty-four file chevaliers. Prizes of $60 and $40 are offered to the two best commanding officers of cantons participating in this drill. There are five prizes of $500, $300, $200, $150 and $100 respectively offered to the best drilled cantons not having won prizes in competitive drills, cantons to consist of not less than three officers and twenty-four file chevaliers.

Prizes of $60, $40, $30, $25 and $20 are also offered to the five best commanding officers of cantons participating in this drill. Special provisions are made for those cantons not having the number of men required in the above drills, prizes of $200 and $100 being offered to the two best drilled cantons having not less than three officers and fifteen file chevaliers. The two best commanding officers of these cantons are offered $30 and $20.

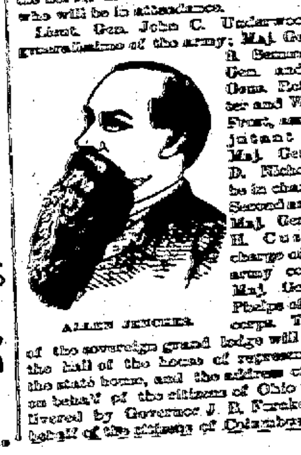
Arrangements for individual drills are also made, two prizes of $60 and $40 respectively being offered to mounted officers and same to line officers and same to non-commissioned officers and chevaliers, best drilled in sword manual, etc. A prize of $60 is offered to the commissioned officer in full regulation uniform whom the judges shall select for excellence in the manual of the sword, soldierly bearing and general military attributes, and $40 to the chevalier whom the judges may select on the same merits.

A large number of manufacturing establishments and regalia companies have offered prizes in the form of flags and banners valued at from $200 to $500 each to be presented to the best drilled cantons in the order of their respective value. Inducements in the way of prizes are also offered by the grand lodge of Ohio to secure a large attendance of subordinate lodges. The prizes are: $300 to the lodge having the largest number of its own members in line and making the best display in parade; $200 to the lodge making the best appearance in dress and discipline; $200 to the lodge located not less than fifty miles from Columbus and parading the greatest number of its own members; $100 to the lodge from outside of the boundary of Franklin county, and not more than fifty miles from Columbus, parading the greatest number of its own members; $100 to the lodge having over sixty members, which reports and parades the largest per cent. of its membership—based on the report of 1889; $100 to the lodge having not more than sixty nor less than thirty members, which reports and parades the largest per cent. of its membership—based on the report of 1889; $100 to lodge parading best band; $100 to largest delegation of members parading from any state jurisdiction outside of Ohio.

The foregoing prizes are open to all lodges.

As an indication of the extent of the parade, it can be stated that 300 excellent saddle horses have been secured for the officers who will be in attendance.

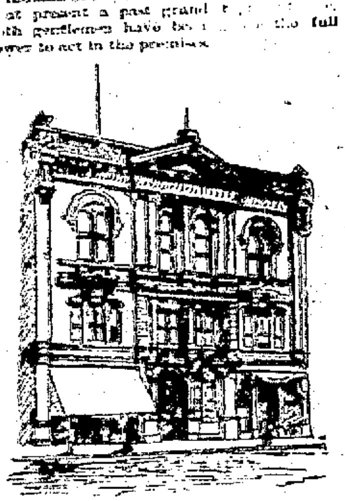
Lieut. Gen. John C. Underwood is the generalissimo of the army; Maj. Gen. Oliver B. Semmes, Adjt. Gen. and Brig. Gens. Robert Walker and William B. Frost, assistant adjutant generals. Maj. Gen. James D. Nicholson will be in charge of the Second army corps; Maj. Gen. Charles H. Cushman in charge of the First army corps, and Maj. Gen. E. F. Phelps of the Third corps. The sessions of the sovereign grand lodge will be held in the hall of the house of representatives, in the state house, and the address of welcome on behalf of the citizens of Ohio will be delivered by Governor J. B. Foraker, and on behalf of the citizens of Columbus by Mayor Philip H. Bruck; Gen. H. B. Frost, grand patriarch, will deliver the address of welcome on behalf of the grand encampment of Ohio, and Grand Master J. L. McKinney on behalf of the grand lodge of Ohio, with responses by the officers of the sovereign grand lodge.



ALLEN JENCKES.

The Rebekahs will claim more than ordinary attention at the coming convention. The Rebekah lodges are managed entirely by ladies. Formerly the more important offices were held by the men, but at the last meeting the gentlemen were invited to step down and out, and the ladies now have entire control of their lodge work. The national lodge of Rebekahs, which will be held at the same time of the sovereign grand lodge meeting, will be composed of four delegates from each state and territory in the Union and from the Canadas. This will make four legislative bodies of the order there at the same time, the sovereign lodge, the grand lodge of Ohio, the national convention of Rebekahs and the grand encampment of Ohio. The Rebekah convention was authorized at the meeting of the grand lodge in Los Angeles last year, and there is inquiry for information as to what will be the general programme. The grand lodge, however, did not enter into the detail of the organization for convention purposes, and in the absence of any such action last year the grand sire has supplied the deficiencies by appointing a few officers necessary to perfect a temporary organization when the convention meets.

He has selected Hon. James B. Nicholson, past grand sire and at present grand secretary of the Pennsylvania grand lodge, who resides at Philadelphia, to be temporary president, and Col. John W. McQuiddy, of Indianapolis, to be temporary secretary. Col. McQuiddy has served the grand lodge of Indiana in the sovereign grand lodge, and is at present a past grand [illegible]. Both gentlemen have been [illegible] the full power to act in the premises.



ODD FELLOWS' HALL, COLUMBUS, O.

Grand Sire Underwood in his order, says: "For satisfactory reasons the convention will be called to order by the temporary chairman Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 17, at 3 o'clock." This is the day after the sovereign lodge begins its session of a week in length.

The joint committee representing the degree lodges of the Daughters of Rebekah in Columbus have done considerable work in preparation for the visit of their sisters from abroad, and among other arrangements have completed a programme of exercises for the convention. It has been embodied in a circular, which is to be sent to all parts of the country, over the signatures of Grand Secretary Theodore A. Ross and Grand Sire John C. Underwood, and makes the following announcements:

The welcome address on behalf of the Ohio state assembly of the Daughters of Rebekah will be delivered by its president, Mrs. Lizzie Phillips, of Cincinnati; the response by Mrs. Louise B. Hall, of Evansville, Ind.; welcome address on behalf of the Daughters of Rebekah of Columbus, by Mrs. Sarah G. Innis, of Naomi lodge, No. 6, Columbus; response by Mrs. Annie E. Moreland, of Spring Valley, Ills.

Hon. James B. Nicholson, whom Gen. Underwood appointed temporary president, has accepted, and in returning thanks makes a few suggestions as to how the work of the convention should be conducted. They have been approved by the general, and may therefore be set down as part of the programme. Mr. Nicholson says:

"My ideas are: After the assembly is called to order, to appoint a committee on credentials, and while the committee on credentials is preparing its report let the addresses of welcome and responses be made. Then the report of the committee on credentials should be read.

"In order to effect an organization with as little clash as possible, I propose to appoint a committee of thirteen delegates on permanent organization, and that committee to nominate the officers of the convention. When approved, the officers to be seated and take charge of the convention.

"One of the first items of business to be the appointment of a committee on rules; a committee of thirteen on resolutions, to whom all resolutions shall be referred; and a committee of five on 'conference' with the committee on the Rebekah degree of the S. G. L. upon matters where legislation is asked.

"The president to communicate to each delegate a P. W. for the session, to be given at the outer door.

"Visitors possessing the Rebekah degree to be admitted upon voucher of a delegate to the convention, or of grand officers of and grand representatives to the sovereign grand lodge.

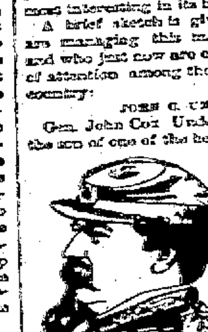
"An exemplification of the Ohio beautiful degree work to be given on Thursday evening. Exemplification of other beautiful work to be given at such times as the convention may fix.

"All resolutions respecting changes or legislation to be in the form of recommendations to the sovereign grand lodge."

The officers of the sovereign grand lodge have an army at their back, and unlimited wealth for the accomplishment of any laudable object which may be for the benefit of the order. They now expect that there will be over 30,000 in line in the parade. There are over 34,000 Odd Fellows in Ohio alone, and the Patriarchs Militant, which was organized in 1885, numbers over 25,000. The grand lodge legislates for the military branch as well as for the Rebekahs, though it is understood that the latter will make an effort to get control of their own work. There are important questions of this character to come up at the forthcoming session, and, together with the military branch, the sixty-fifth session of the grand lodge promises to be the most interesting in its history.

A brief sketch is given of the men who are managing this magnificent enterprise, and who just now are occupying a great deal of attention among the Odd Fellows of the country:

JOHN C. UNDERWOOD.



JOHN C. UNDERWOOD.

Gen. John Cox Underwood, grand sire, is the son of one of the heroes of 1812. He was born at Georgetown, D. C., Sept. 12, 1840, in the old ancestral home, while his father was attending congress. On his mother's side Gen. Underwood is a direct descendant of a Danish general, Threlkeld, who invaded England under William of Normandy. He graduated as a civil engineer upon attaining his majority, and entered the Confederate army, serving mainly as military engineer in Virginia. Upon coming west, after the battle of Chancellorsville, he fell ill, and upon the retreat of Bragg from Tullahoma, Tenn., was taken prisoner, and so remained until the war closed. He was paroled by President Lincoln just before the assassination of that statesman.

In 1875 the Democratic party elected him lieutenant governor of Kentucky. He made an honorable record during his four years' term as president of the senate. Since the expiration of his term of office, Gen. Underwood has made a marked success as a journalist, and, as general manager of The Cincinnati News-Journal, had much influence in the councils of the nation. The Odd Fellows have found in him a useful officer, a man of strong common sense, a forcible speaker, of almost self reliance, fearless to a fault, and energetic to a superlative degree. He has been conspicuous in the grand lodge of his state and as representative to the sovereign grand lodge, but his greatest work has been in the degree of Patriarchs Militant, which owes its construction and military organization to his individual labors.

CHARLES M. BUSBEE.

CHARLES M. BUSBEE.

Bro. Charles M. Busbee, deputy grand sire, is a native of Raleigh, N. C., and is a member of Manteo lodge, No. 8, of that city. Bro. B. was admitted into the grand lodge of that state as representative in July, 1872. He was elected deputy grand master in 1880, and grand master in 1881. He was also grand patriarch of the grand encampment in 1871. His first appearance in the sovereign grand lodge was in 1874, at the session of that body held at Atlanta, Ga., and has served continuously ever since, a period of fourteen years. Bro. B. is 49 years of age, and is a lawyer by profession. His eloquence as an expounder of the laws of the order is unquestioned, his silvery tones winning all hearts to the cause he so earnestly espouses. With such men as the gifted grand sire and the no less accomplished deputy grand sire, the order may well be proud of its present head and his subordinate officer.

THEODORE A. ROSS.

Theodore A. Ross, who was re-elected grand secretary, was born in Newark, N. J. He was initiated in Eagle lodge, No. 100, and Mainketewah encampment, No. 32, at Cincinnati, O., in 1849. He removed to Indianapolis in 1852, joined Philoxenian lodge, No. 44, and Metropolitan encampment, No. 5, serving as scribe and chief patriarch in the latter body. In 1855 he returned to New Jersey, where he rapidly gained all the honors the state body could afford. He represented the grand lodge of New Jersey in the grand lodge of the United States from 1864 to 1873 inclusive, resigning in 1874. On Dec. 1, 1873, he entered upon the duties of assistant grand secretary of the sovereign grand lodge (then the grand lodge of the United States). He held this post until Nov. 19, 1881, when Luther J. Glenn, grand sire, appointed him grand secretary of the sovereign grand lodge, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of James L. Ridgley, which occurred Nov. 16, 1881. At the session of 1882 he was unanimously elected grand secretary, and has since been re-elected at each biennial session.

ISAAC A. SHEPPARD.

ISAAC A. SHEPPARD.

Bro. Isaac A. Sheppard, who was re-elected grand treasurer, was born in Cumberland county, N. J., and removed with his parents to Philadelphia when about 11 years of age. Here he learned the iron foundry business to such purpose that he owns two large establishments, one in Philadelphia and one in Baltimore, employing 750 hands and manufacturing 800 different sizes and varieties of heating and cooking apparatus. Bro. Sheppard is a public spirited man, has been elected three times to the legislature of Pennsylvania, serving one term as chairman of the committee on ways and means, and during the illness of the speaker was unanimously elected speaker pro tem. He has been an Odd Fellow since his 21st year, and was admitted a member of the grand lodge of Pennsylvania in 1848. He was installed as grand master of the grand lodge of Pennsylvania in 1874. In 1877 he was elected a representative to the sovereign grand lodge, and in 1884 was elected grand treasurer of that body.

Artisans' Order of Mutual Protection.

The balances in the hands of the assemblies on June 30 were: Death benefit fund, 316,298.88; contingent fund, $8,056.39; total, $324,355.27.

Knights of Friendship.

The reports received by the grand secretary show that the order has increased 50 per cent. this term.

Iron Hall.

The present membership of the order is 51,000. It is making rapid strides in the west.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

How to Remove the Traces of Summer Outings from the Complexion.

The staying qualities of the tan acquired in loose throated tennis blouses and short sleeved bathing gowns makes it a great source of annoyance to many young women on their return from summer outings, and a hint how to overcome it will therefore not be amiss.

A New York woman has a process with which she claims to be entirely satisfied. She takes six pounds of barley and boils it until it reaches the consistency of very thick cream. While this is still warm she presses it thick over her entire body, wraps herself in two or three thick blankets and lies on a couch by a fire, while her maid reads aloud to her for an hour or two. Afterwards she takes a warm bath. She does this for about ten days, and at the end of that time not only has she removed every particle of the tan, but her skin is as soft and velvety as a three weeks baby and is as white and rosy as the very first season she came out. She is very fair, and sometimes gets a very hardened freckle or two that the barley can't move, but a little lemon juice goes deeper and brings that out too. Sometimes the "barley soaks" relaxes the skin too much and then a little gin makes it firm and smooth again.

An annoyance not so easily overcome as summer tan is a light growth of hair that mars a beautiful arm, to which short sleeved bathing suits and lace sleeved walking dresses are very conducive. One season of bare arms on the beach is all the lesson a society woman needs. After that she is ready to take her ocean dip in long sleeves and mitts.

Girls who are very particular in the care of their skin are many of them using the delightful little toilet bags, some of which are filled with wheat bran, grated olive soap and almonds; others with bran, a little powdered orris root and soap. These bags are of thin cheese cloth, about five inches long by three in width, and are loosely filled. When used like a sponge in a warm bath they give a creamy lather, which may be rubbed off with a soft towel without rinsing, and leaves the skin smooth, soft and faintly perfumed.

Causes of Catarrh.

Dr. Beverly Robinson expresses himself on the subject of catarrh, that bane of our country, as follows: It must be said that changes in the climate, filth, sewer gas and malaria have much to do with the production of catarrh. Catarrh in many cases is nothing but a filth disease, and Dr. Mackenzie, of London, says that this is the chief cause of catarrh in the United States. He says there is no such thing as scavenging in this country. This is quite true of some places, but there are towns where catarrh prevails which are as well scavenged as any town in England. But it is not New York city. There are cases of catarrh in this city which are undoubtedly kept up by filth, by irritating particles floating in the atmosphere, carried hither and thither by the winds, such as horse dung and fermenting, putrefying substances. Do not consider, then, that any specialty by itself will control the situation. The treatment of the nose may be well enough where it is indicated, but where filth is the cause of catarrh, something more must be done.

Cocaine for Angina Pectoris.

Results obtained by Professor V. G. Lashkevitch, of Karkov, from the use of cocaine, lead him to regard it as a genuine specific for angina pectoris. Hydrochlorate of cocaine was tried, internally, in the dose of one-third of a grain three or four times a day, in sixteen cases of angina pectoris, associated with cardiac or vascular disease, or, as in some of the patients, angina caused by excessive tobacco smoking. The attacks were invariably relieved, and ceased altogether and permanently in the course of a few days. Recovery took place still more rapidly when inhalations of oxygen gas were simultaneously employed.

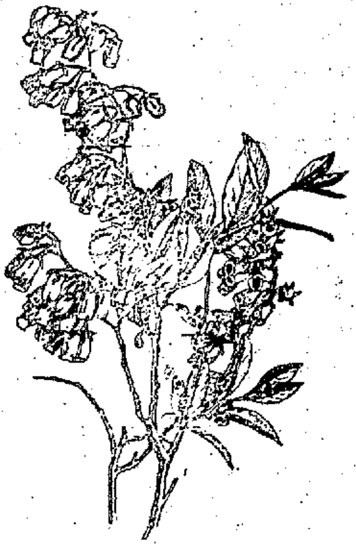
SUBSCRIBE for the MINER.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

THINGS SAID AND DONE IN THE WORLD OF TODAY.

A Shrub in Bad Repute Among Farmers, but Highly Prized by Botanists and Landscape Artists on Account of Its Beauty and Mythological Name.

All students of mythology know the story of Andromeda, the lovely daughter of Cepheus, king of Ethiopia, and Cassiopea, whom jealous nymphs induced Neptune to chain to a rock in the sea, to be destroyed by a monster sent from the deep. It has been a favorite subject for sculptors and artists since the story was first told. As Perseus destroyed the monster then, and rescued the lovely maid, so may some modern hero, some Perseus in the form of a landscape artist of our time, save from oblivion the plant that bears the name, claims a writer in American Garden, who explains as follows:



ANDROMEDA MARIANA.

The Andromeda Mariana is a shrub commonly met on sandy or light soils in Long Island, New Jersey and southward, where it is in bad repute among the farmers, who entertain the opinion that its leaves are injurious to sheep when eaten by them, producing a disease called the "staggers." Hence its common name Stagger Bush or Kill Calf. It is also said that the honey which the bees extract from its flowers is slightly poisonous. This latter assertion, to say the least, is open to question, there not being a particle of evidence to sustain the opinion. Whatever properties it may possess, medical or otherwise, nothing can detract from its beauty or desirability as an ornamental shrub. It grows from one to two feet high, with foliage not unlike that of the privet, the stems completely furnished with snowy white flowers, as may be seen in the illustration. The flowers remain long on the bush, being in perfection in June, and sparingly meet the entire summer.

Why Gold in Jewelry Changes Color.

It is well known that the human body contains humors and acids, similar in action to and having a like tendency toward baser metals, as nitric and sulphuric acids have, namely, to tarnish or dissolve them, varying in quality in different persons. Thousands wear continually, without any ill effects, the cheaper class of jewelry, with brass ear wires, while if others wore the same article for a few days they would be troubled with sore ears, or, in other words, the acids contained in the system would so act on the brass as to produce ill results. Instances have occurred in which articles of jewelry of any grade below eighteen carats have been tarnished in a few days, merely from the above named cause. True, these instances are not very frequent; nevertheless, it is as well to know them. Every case is not the fault of the goods not wearing well, as it is generally called, but the result of the particular constitution of the wearer, says The Jewelers' Circular.

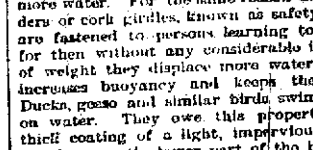
Chameleon Like Spiders.

All observant people must have seen the yellow spiders on yellow flowers, and white spiders on white flowers, that catch bees and other insects which visit the flowers—not noticing their enemies because of their deceptive coloring. These spiders live by their looks, and never go to the trouble of spinning a web. James Angus considers that these white and yellow spiders belong to the same species, and that they can change their color according to the flower they select.

The Principle of Swimming.

The human body is lighter on the whole than an equal volume of water; it consequently floats on the surface, and still better in sea water, which is heavier than fresh water. The difficulty in swimming consists not so much in floating as in keeping the head above water. In men, the head being heavier than the lower parts, the tendency is to sink. Hence swimming is not natural to him, but an art to be acquired. With quadrupeds, on the contrary, the head is less heavy than the posterior part of the body, and swimming is therefore natural.

Weight for weight, fat persons swim more easily than lean ones, for they displace more water. For the same reason air bladders or cork girdles, known as safety belts, are fastened to persons learning to swim, for then without any considerable increase of weight they displace more water, which increases buoyancy and keeps them up. Ducks, geese and similar birds swim easily on water. They owe this property to a thick coating of a light, impervious down which covers the lower part of the body, so that they displace even with a small immersion a weight equal to their own. Most fishes have an air bladder below the spine, which is called the swimming bladder. The fish can compress or dilate this at pleasure by means of a muscular effort, and so rise or sink in the water.



DISPLACING MORE WATER WITH SAFETY BELT.

The Sponge Glass.

The Florida sponge fishermen detect the presence of sponges by means of a water glass, which is a simple contrivance, being a circular piece of glass inserted in the bottom of a bucket. The bucket is thrust into the water, and looking through the glass the sponge hunter can clearly distinguish any object on the bottom of the sea, even if the water be rough. The sponges are gathered with a pole from eighteen to forty feet long, with a three pronged iron claw at the end.

Pretty Fancies for Serving Desserts.

Corn husks filled with macedoine pudding represent another of the ingenious devices with which fashionable caterers surprise and please exacting patrons, while halves of orange peel filled with orange cream or ice, furnish a fancy more suited to the domestic facilities of thrifty housekeepers. Bricks of ice cream continue to be the popular form of frozen dessert.

Almond Patties.

Line patty pans with pastry; fill with a mixture of whites of three eggs, a quarter of a pound of powdered sugar, juice of half a lemon, and half a pound of blanched and chopped almonds. Bake in a moderate oven.

Pickled Plums.

One peck of plums, seven pounds of sugar, one pint of good vinegar and spices to taste. Boil till well cooked.

A Parisian Novelty in Gloves.

The latest novelty in gloves consists of long suede musquetaires, the left hand glove of which has a dainty silver rimmed purse inserted in the palm. A semi-circular incision is made in the palm of the glove to which the metal opening is attached; inside there is a kid lined purse, which would hold a good deal; it is quite safe, not cumbersome and most convenient.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Cuffs, Collars and Shirts "Done Up" to Be White, Stiff and Shining.

Husbands, fathers and brothers need no longer help to support John Chinaman or his great contemporary, the steam laundry, but, according to a writer in Good Housekeeping, may revel in linen that is stiff and lustrous if their women kind will adopt for the home laundry instructions which are substantially as follows:

The starch for cuffs, collars and shirts, which are supposed to be snowy white, is made much thicker than ordinary, so that when it is cold you can slice it with a knife. For four shirts, a dozen collars and as many pairs of cuffs, put to boil in a clean sauce pan with copper bottom, one and a half quarts of clear water; have ready a cupful of best gloss starch dissolved in cold water, and when the water on the stove is galloping (for it must "dance" as well as "sing"), pour in the melted starch, stirring well, and boil carefully till it is translucent. It must be quite thick, and if one cupful (as cup's vary) is not enough, dissolve more and add, being careful not to let it burn. Fifteen to twenty minutes boiling I find sufficient, and it is ready to strain in a three cornered cheese cloth bag, which you will find better than thicker goods. Now add a teaspoonful of kerosene and a few drops of bluing.

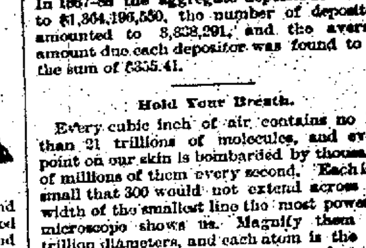
The starch made and the clothes ready, you may now proceed to business. Don't be in a hurry, for what time you consume in the starching will be made up in the ironing. As soon as the starch is sufficiently cool to bear your hand take a shirt which has just come from the rinse water, gather up the bosom, immerse in the starch, rub well, long and vigorously till the starch has entered every fold of the bosom, lining and all; don't wring or squeeze, but draw it through your fingers well, slipping off all superfluous starch; treat band and wristbands the same, hang up until bone dry. Proceed to do the same to the collars and cuffs, not forgetting that success in the ironing depends wholly upon how well you rub in the starch. In stripping them of the starch, endeavor to smooth out all wrinkles while wet, and when dry they will rattle like paper.

If the ironing does not take place until the next day, put your linen away carefully out of the dust, but do not sprinkle. A half hour before you are ready to iron it, wring out of cold water very dry a clean white cotton rag twice the size of a towel, lay the collars and cuffs on it, with a fold of the rag between each article, roll up smoothly and tight. On the shirt bosoms lay a similar rag, only smaller, enough to cover the starched parts, roll as before and put away for thirty minutes. Heat on the fire three polishing irons, which are oblong in shape with rounded corners. The ones I have have a corrugated surface which aids much in obtaining that luster so envied in well laundered linen.

When the time is up, take one article at a time, lay on a clean white ironing board. See that your hands are immaculate and your irons clean; rub the latter on brown paper and a bit of beeswax, then on a clean rag. If your polisher is at the right heat, it will only take a few firm rubs up and down on each side to make you feel proud of your collars and cuffs. The shirt bosoms are drawn out smoothly on a bosom board, after ironing the sleeves and tail, also the neck and wrist bands. Now grasp the neck with your left hand and slide, as it were, your iron up the middle, sending all wrinkles to the sides instead of the top or bottom. Press firmly, curve around the neckband, so that it will stand, put a pin in it to preserve its shape, fold, and your work is done. Don't be discouraged by your first failure, bearing in mind that the ironing is the least part of the work, and that success depends upon white clothes and thorough starching.

A Desirable Sofa Cushion.

The sofa cushion shown in the cut has the merit of being both handsome and serviceable. The embroidery is carried out on gray surah, framed in strawberry colored plush, satin of the same shade being used for lining.



SOFA CUSHION.

The designs are worked for the flowers and leaves with strawberry and olive colored split filoselle of various shades in basket and point Russe stitch, a few French knots being introduced here and there. The outlines, stems and tendrils are worked with gold cord sewn down with silk.

Exodus of the Musquito.

The latest safeguard to prevent the lively musquito from getting in his work in the household is to take of gum camphor a piece about one-third the size of a hen's egg and evaporate it by placing it in a tin vessel and holding it over a lamp, taking care that it does not ignite. The smoke will soon fill the room and expel the musquitoes, and it is claimed that they will not return, even though the windows should be left open all night.

To Distinguish a Good Melon.

A large dealer in watermelons gives these directions for telling a good melon: "Lay the melon on its back, belly up. You can tell the belly, because it is white, or of lighter color than the rest of the melon. Scratch the skin of the belly with your finger nail. If the skin is tender and the melon is yet firm to the pressure of the finger, so that you can with difficulty pierce it with your nail, it is probably a good melon.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Good Manners Abroad—Some Reminders for the Modern Traveler.

Nowhere is want of courtesy more striking than amid the luxurious and elegant appointments that surround the modern traveler. The "drawing room car," the "palace car," are not these names suggestive of good manners and polite behavior? Good Housekeeping appears to believe that even those people who annoy us from their want of breeding would seem to do so from want of thought rather than intentional rudeness, and it makes some useful suggestions, which are here reproduced for the benefit of those who may need these gentle reminders.

Windows are a fruitful source of irritation in railroad traveling, and those who like to sit beside an open window should remember that, owing to the motion of the car, persons sitting in the seat behind feel the draught more than those who are next the aperture. One should never, therefore, unless possibly on a very hot day, open a window without asking the people in the rear whether they object to the draught.

The woman who travels with an enormous quantity of bundles is happily becoming more and more rare. She would do well, however, to keep "all taut," in nautical parlance, when moving through a car, since the passage way is usually very narrow, and projecting bundles or parasols often knock against the heads of passengers, who are already seated, in a way injurious to bonnets and tempers alike.

Should we speak to our fellow travelers on a railway or steamboat journey? The answer to this question would, I think, depend largely on the age, sex, appearance and experience of the person asking it, also on the length of the journey. On an ocean voyage or on an overland trip across our vast continent, it is proper and natural that people should make some acquaintances among their fellow passengers. But one should be very wary of admitting strangers to sudden intimacy, or of talking over one's own or other people's private affairs with persons casually encountered in the cars.

Young and inexperienced persons should not, as an ordinary thing, converse with strangers. Young women certainly should not do so—above all, they should not allow gentlemen to enter into conversation with them, although it may be questioned whether a true gentleman would attempt to talk to a young lady who was unknown to him, especially if he himself were a young man. Age has its privileges as well as its drawbacks, and if elderly or middle aged ladies like to converse with their fellow passengers, they certainly have a right to do so, a right which some women often exercise, thus extending their knowledge of human nature, while others of more conventional or more timid dispositions, seldom speak to their fellow travelers.

The debris of lunches should be carefully gathered up and thrown out of the window, since one has no right to offend one's fellow passengers with the sight of it on the floor or window sill.

While it is fitting and proper to wear good and well made clothing when traveling, it is not according to "good form" to wear jewelry, or striking and showy colors or garments. The traveling dress of a lady and gentleman should—like their demeanor—be quiet and unostentatious, showing innate refinement, instead of a vulgar taste for display.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Singular Poem Containing the Names of Thirty Buried Cities.

This poem, called "Buried Cities," is an oddity. The names of the cities referred to are attached:

No paler monk than Father Charles, and none so gaunt or lean,
Since monks in academic air or cloister walls were seen.
The ravages of fatal war saw many dear ones fall,
But he in peace, and at our side, seemed nearer death than all.
An ice cold hand was his drear omen of decay.
The best of brandy, hottest baths, drove not that chill away.
We used to have nice dishes cooked to tempt his appetite,
And many a [illegible] to invite,
But all in vain; his feeble shape kindred to death appeared.
Beyond comparison he failed, his eye grew wild and bleared.
After his daily nap less strength and less he got,
'Twas not advancing age; no, all his years had not
Bent one dark hair from off his brow, or with disturbing gray,
Spreading his tonsured crown, wore his thick locks away.
But memory bleeds to think how suddenly he died.
His neck when we fell on, "Do not this thing," he cried.
"To duty constant, I no pleasure ever loved;
Can't one poor mortal thus a real saint be proved?"
His spirit, loth to quit, oft flickered ere it fled.
At last his pulse met zero, and Father Charles was dead.
He had a monster funeral, the queen's town clerk came down,
Ordered the bells to toll, and all over the town
They rang, both old and new; burger and magistrate
Came crowding when in old St. John's his body lay in state,
With thirty buried cities upon his reverend pate.

1. Palermo
2. Arles
3. Orleans
4. Cairo
5. Warsaw
6. Tours
7. Rome
8. Nice
9. Thebes
10. Bath
11. Venice
12. Spa
13. Pekin
14. Paris
15. Naples
16. Genoa
17. Trenton
18. Turin
19. Trent
20. Reading
21. Leeds
22. London
23. Constantinople
24. Canton
25. Quito
26. Queenstown
27. Dover
28. Andover
29. Newburg
30. St. John's

Government Statistics.

Some interesting statistics may be gathered from the last statistical abstract of the United States. It appears that the revenue of the government amounted in 1888 to $6.32 per capita of population. The expenditures of the government, not including payment of the national debt per capita, amounted to $4.47 per capita. The national debt per capita amounted to $17.71, and the interest thereon to 65 cents. The duties collected on imports amounted to $2.07 per capita. The average ad valorem rates of duty on all imports in 1888 amounted to 30 per cent., and the average ad valorem rates on all dutiable imports amounted to 45.63 per cent. The per capita estimates above given are based upon an estimate of a population of 60,018,000 made by the late actuary of the treasury department. This estimate is in all probability too low. An increase of the figure for population would of course require a slight reduction in the per capita estimates. The statistics regarding savings banks over a period of five years show a steady growth in the number of deposits and in the aggregate amount of deposits, with but a slight change in the average amount due each depositor. In 1887-88 the aggregate deposits amounted to $1,364,196,550, the number of depositors amounted to 3,838,291, and the average amount due each depositor was found to be the sum of $355.41.

Hold Your Breath.

Every cubic inch of air contains no less than 21 trillions of molecules, and every point on our skin is bombarded by thousands of millions of them every second. Each is so small that 300 would not extend across the width of the smallest line the most powerful microscope shows us. Magnify them one trillion diameters, and each atom is the size of our globe, each molecule is a planetary system, and each air bubble from the fringe around the water in a goblet is a wonderful galaxy. Magnified 10,000 trillion diameters the air bubble would have the dimensions of our entire stellar system, but would contain 50,000 billions of stars instead of the 20 millions our best telescopes can show us. If the atoms had inhabitants, with our sensations quickened and shortened 1,000 billion times to correspond to our own diminutiveness, each atom would be a world, each molecule a solar system, and the revolutions of the atoms would give days and years. The atom dweller would see no more of the air bubble than we see of our stellar universe; for, though the air bubble's molecules average 20 million collisions every second, thousands and tens of thousands of generations of the living beings might exist before a perceptible alteration of their starry firmament could be recorded. Is not our world an atom, our solar system a molecule in a stellar bubble of an unknown and mightier creation?—Current Literature.

The Winans Cigar Ship.

A wrought iron cigar ship was built at the Isle of Dogs, on the Thames, in England, and launched on Monday, Feb. 19, 1866. As the novel shaped vessel glided from the ways to the river Mrs. William L. Winans pronounced the name "Ross Winans," the designer of the vessel. "It was," said The London Times, "built as the private yacht of an American gentleman, who has designed everything connected with the ship." Mr. Hepworth was the builder. The extreme length of the vessel over all was 256 feet, and her greatest width was 16 feet diameter, at the center. She had three cylinder engines (high pressure), with a screw at each end which was 4 feet in diameter greater than the greatest diameter of the ship—20 feet. When launched the vessel carried the flags of England, America and Russia and the ensign of the Imperial Yacht club of St. Petersburg, "to which she is destined to belong."

Peace Jubilees.

In the "Peace Jubilee" of 1869, which began June 15 and lasted five days, there was a chorus of 10,371 persons and an orchestra of 1,094 pieces. Ole Bull was first and Carl Rosa second violin, and 100 men pounded 50 anvils. The second jubilee began June 17, 1872, and lasted until July 4. There was a chorus of 20,000 voices and an orchestra of 1,000 pieces. Franz Abt conducted and so did Johann Strauss; the bands of the Grenadier Guards from London, of the Kaiser Franz Grenadiers of Berlin and of the Garde Republicaine of Paris were present, as well as the Emperor of Germany's cornet quartet. The auditorium held about 25,000 persons.

The Milk in the Rubber Tree.

By a new process, the rubber in the milk collected from the India rubber trees is now coagulated instantaneously. The operation is so simple that any native can carry it out at the foot of the tree which he has been bleeding; and thus, instead of carrying large cans of milk of great weight, and entailing great loss on the way, he simply carries in the sack solid rubber, which, on his arrival at camp, can at once be prepared for the market and shipped.

Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to-day for a free sample of this grand remedy. The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large size package 50 cents.

All Kinds of Job Work Done at this Office

McKean County Miner

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Payable in ADVANCE, one year $1.50; six months, $1.00; three months, 37½ cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Legal advertisements 7½ cents per line for each insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application. Executors' and administrators' notices $3.00 each for six insertions.

Professional cards, not exceeding one inch $5.00 per year.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to
L. ROGERS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 13, 1889.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY K. BOYER,
of Philadelphia.

COUNTY.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
L. ROGERS,
of Smethport.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
M. J. HADLEY,
of Turtle Point.

Republican County Committee.
W. R. WEAVER, Bradford, Chairman.
BRADFORD CITY.
1st Ward 1st Dist.—P. E. Appleton.
do 2d do J. M. Fox.
2d Ward—George F. Roach.
3d do R. W. Murray.
4th do M. Mateer.
5th do J. A. Wallis.

TOWNSHIP OR BORO.	P. O. ADDRESS.	NAME.
Annin,	Turtle Point,	Darius Simpson
Bradford, 1st d.	Custer City,	J. L. Morris
" 2d d.	Ceres,	C. H. Roberts
Corydon,	Corydon,	R. D. Tome.
Eldred boro,	Eldred,	C. C. Bosert.
Eldred twp,	Larrabee,	E. S. Carpenter.
Foster, 1st dist.	Derrick City,	M. M. Bowen.
" 2d "	Sawyer City,	E. H. Stoever.
Hamilton, 1st d.	Ludlow,	Jos. Gibbs.
" 2d d.	Mortons,	W. L. Bartholomew.
Hamlin,	Guffey,	W. McNeill.
Keating, 1st d.	Smethport,	A. J. Bond.
" 2d d.	Coleville,	J. B. Wright.
" 3d d.	Gifford,	H. N. Johnson.
Kane,	Kane,	T. A. Vanorsdale.
Kendall, 1st d.	Kendall Creek,	W. S. Means.
" 2d d.	do	J. C. Smith.
Lafayette, 1st d.	Mt. Alton,	Mark Hardie.
" 2d d.	Big Shanty,	F. H. Fosel.
Liberty,	Port Allegany,	A. Ostrander.
Norwich,	Norwich,	A. P. Brewer.
Otto, 1st dist.	Duke Centre,	D. P. Crook.
Otto, 2d dist.	Rixford,	G. B. Johnson.
Port Allegany,	Port Allegany,	W. M. Holmes.
Sergeant,	Clermont,	Jacob Ament.
Smethport,	Smethport,	R. P. Wright.
Wetmore,	Kane,	W. B. Beamer.

HON. S. S. COX, a leading member of Congress, died at his home in N. Y. city on Tuesday last, aged 65 years.

AT a meeting of the President and his Cabinet early this week it was definitely settled that no extra session of Congress would be convened this fall.

THE Democratic candidate for State Treasurer is Edmund A. Bigler, of Clearfield, a son of the late Governor Bigler. The nomination is an exceptionally good one.

A DISPATCH from Erie Saturday last announces the candidacy of Hon. Charles W. Stone, Secretary of the Commonwealth, for the gubernatorial nomination next year. Mr. Stone is an able man and has many warm friends in this county

HOWARD D. POTTS, of Harrisburg, has received the appointment of clerk to the Superintendent of Public Printing. Mr. Potts has for years past been the senate reporter for the Associated Press, and we agree with the *Telegraph* in saying that he "will fill the bill exactly and Superintendent Evans did well in making a selection."

THE discussion over the possible resignation of Commissioner of Pensions Tanner, has included also speculations concerning the choice of his successor, in such an event. Hon. W. W. Brown, formerly, and for two terms, Congressman from this district, will, it is said, be urged for the place should a vacancy occur. He was a candidate for the position before it was given to the present incumbent, and would have plenty of good backing should the opportunity for pressing him again occur. He is an old soldier, having served in the famous "Bucktails," and enjoys the confidence of all veterans who know him.—*Gazette and Bulletin.*

CORPORAL TANNER.

Our Washington correspondent under date of September 6th, writes as follows: "Secretary Noble is understood to be engaged in considering the report of the Commission which recently investigated the Pension office, and many rumors are flying around as to what his action will be. His enemies insist that the Secretary will ask for Commissioner Tanner's resignation, and so persistent are they that many republicans have been convinced that Tanner will go. I have spent much time in investigating this rumor and have no hesitation in saying that there is not the slightest foundation for it. Ever since the first day that Mr. Tanner took charge of the Pension office there has been a systematic and persistent fight made against him by the mugwump press, and for no known reason in the world except his well-known friendship and sympathy for the ex-union soldier, and I am perfectly satisfied that the President will never allow himself to be influenced by such opposition. Unless something more than is now known shall transpire Commissioner Tanner will remain in charge of the Pension office during the present administration."

If our correspondent is correct in his conclusions and Tanner's official head is saved it will not be because he has been discreet in his public utterances. It seems almost incredible that a man of Tanner's abilities, and one whose whole being is wrapped up in the welfare of the veterans should lose his head to that extent as to make so intemperate a speech in reference to soldiers' widows as he is said to have made at the Milwaukee encampment. The veterans are heart and soul with the commissioner in his efforts to have justice done them, but none of them take stock in ribaldry. The following article from the Philadelphia *Press* under the head of "Tanner's Blunders," will be heartily endorsed by veterans throughout the entire country.

"Commissioner Tanner is more foolish than vicious. He shows the bad manners of a spoiled child rather than the questionable impulses of willful perversity. His weakness is a loose and lawless tongue rather than a bad heart. His reproach is a lack of common sense more than a lack of upright purpose. He suffers more obloquy than he really deserves because his truculent and silly escapades arm his foes and disarm his friends. The result is that eager and malevolent criticism magnifies folly into wrong, while willing defence is halted by his ganchrie short of the measure of real justice.

"We fancy that Republican newspapers are not going to waste much strength in taking care of a functionary who shows no strength or sense in taking care of himself. If Mr. Tanner wants the support which a public officer may fairly expect so long as he moves in the line of his duty, he must not silence even friendship by his senseless displays. He must not add to the issue whether he is honest and upright, the further question whether he has discretion and poise enough to hold any place. If he is going on opening his mouth and if every time he opens his mouth he is going to put his foot in it, the conclusion will be that his footing is quite as slippery and uncertain as his tongue. The modified resolution of the Grand Army encampment was a fair expression. It indicated confidence in Commissioner Tanner's integrity and approved the investigation into his methods. That deliverance doubtless represented the general public feeling. Had Tanner rested on that utterance, and said nothing himself, he would have come out of the encampment with credit. But in his foolish speech he betrayed the same lack of judgment and control which distinguished his puerile and petulant attacks on Watterson and Flood, and while he speaks he leaves his friends speechless.

"Commissioner Tanner sincerely wants to serve his army comrades, and they would be strangely insensible if they were not grateful for his friendly spirit. But in reality he is doing them more harm than good. He is embarrassing the very cause he wishes to promote. If he had been more moderate, self contained and discreet, he would have gained far more power to advance his measures. But, as it is, his advocacy handicaps any proposition he may make. He has succeeded in creating such a universal impression that everybody is put on guard. The worst of it is not that any wrong has appeared, for, until the result of the investigation, it would be premature to pronounce any conclusion, but that the feeling is widely spreading that he is not the type of man who ought to be Commissioner. And for this feeling he is himself altogether responsible and he alone can remove it."

A CENSUS WONDER.

The eleventh census of the United States will be taken in June, 1890, and will be the most stupendous work of enumeration that has ever been undertaken. It will cost $6,300,000, and when this work shall be fully under way in June 40,000 employes will be engaged in collecting statistics in all parts of the country, while 2,000 clerks in Washington will be employed in tabulating the information gathered by the enumerators and putting it in shape for publication.

In every national census thus far the work of tabulation and classification has been done by hand with pen and ink. The typewriter will be largely used in the work of the eleventh census, and a vast amount of time, labor and money will be saved thereby. It is probable that the work will be still further simplified by the use of mechanical means in tabulating, compiling and classifying the returns from the enumerators. H. Hollerith, who was employed on the last census, has devised an electric tabulating system which is now under consideration by a committee of officials, and it is thought likely that it will be adopted for the work of the eleventh census.

Mr. Hollerith's plan is the use of blank record cards of suitable size, divided into small squares, to each of which is assigned a particular significance. The age, sex, color, married or single condition, or any other particular information is recorded upon the card by the enumerator by simply punching holes in the proper squares. Upon each card is recorded the name of the subject of the inquiry, or a number to correspond with a list kept by the enumerator. A card printed with the proper designation upon each square may be used, or an entirely blank card may be purchased in accordance with an accompanying diagram. The record on such a card may be carried to any extent for which provision is made.

In tabulating the information recorded upon a number of such cards an electrical apparatus is used. Each card is passed under a press containing a pin for every space upon the card. These pins are held lightly by springs in such a way that when the press descends upon the card they pass through only where holes are already punched, much after the fashion of a Jacquard loom harness. Those pins which pass through the holes connect electric circuits and register on a row of dials the data which the holes in the cards are intended to indicate. In this way everything recorded upon the card can be read by the machine and transferred to the dials at a single stroke, and the rapidity with which a pile of cards can be read depends only upon the manual dexterity of the operator.

The apparatus may be adjusted to take from the cards any single recorded item or any desired grouping or combination of statistics, or anything upon the card may be tabulated with equal speed and facility. As the counting is done by the machine there is no opportunity for error nor is there any chance of error in transcribing the records through illegible handwriting. When cards of any single classification have been sorted a single stray card can be instantly detected in a stack of a thousand by running a wire through the proper hole, the stray card barring its progress. Among written cards a stray one could be detected only by the examination of each card by itself. The health statistics of New York city are recorded by this method, and the same system is in use in the office of the Surgeon General of the United States Army for compiling the health statistics of the army, month by month.

A few months ago the Census Office existed in name only, and had not a single employe. With the appointment of Robert P. Porter as Superintendent of the Eleventh Census, the work of organization was begun, and already a force of about 100 clerks and typewriters is engaged upon the preliminary work and attending to the correspondence, which even now amounts to seven thousand letters daily.

The largest branch of the census will be the enumeration of the population and the collecting of the particulars of age, sex, nativity, race, physical condition and many other details. This will be accomplished by a house-to-house count by the 40,000 enumerators on the first Monday of next June. For the census work the country is divided into 175 districts, for each of which a supervisor will be appointed next spring by the President. These supervisors will be paid $1 for every 1,000 of population in thickly populated districts and $1.40 in thinly settled regions. There is also an allowance for clerk hire. The supervisors will subdivide their territory into enumerators' districts, and will nominate persons to collect statistics in each district. On the first Monday of next June the enumerators will visit every house and industrial establishment for the enumeration of the population and the collection of statistics. The compensation of the enumerators is as follows: For each inhabitant, birth or death reported, 2 cents; for every farm, 20 cents; for each establishment of productive industry, 30 cents; for each veteran of the late war, 5 cents. The enumerators will be allowed fifteen days for the completion of their work when in cities and towns, and thirty days when in rural districts. When completed, their schedules will be returned to the Supervisor of the district, who will make up the account for the entire district and forward it to Washington.

SYNOPSIS OF THE NEW DOG LAW.

The law for assessing and taxing dogs in this State, passed by the last Legislature, and signed by Governor Beaver on the 15th of May, 1889, is a very stringent one. The following synopsis gives the points:

The law provides that from and after the passage there shall be assessed, levied and collected annually in every township and borough of the Commonwealth from the owners of dogs a tax of fifty cents for every male dog, and one dollar for every female dog, the sum to be collected with the other township taxes. These sums shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Board of School Directors in the districts and shall be kept separate by the Treasurer so that he will know how much has come into his hands from this source. The money shall constitute a fund from which persons sustaining loss or damage to sheep by dogs may be paid for such a loss, along with the costs necessarily incurred in establishing their loss. The assessors of every borough and township shall annually, when making their other assessments, ascertain the number of dogs in their respective districts and the names of the owners, and how many of each sex are owned or kept.

The County Commissioners shall annually make a true return to the Board of School Directors of the number of dogs owned therein, together with the owners' names, and the School Directors shall cause the tax to be collected in the same manner as and along with the school tax.

Persons who have sustained loss or damage to sheep may make complaint before any Justice of the Peace, and the latter shall notify the owner of the dog or dogs causing the loss, and if the owner does not appear "as soon as practicable and pay the loss caused by his dogs, the Justice shall notify the Township Auditors to appraise the loss sustained by the claimant; they have power to summon witnesses and investigate the case thoroughly, and shall determine and report to the Justice the amount of the damage, if any. The report shall be signed by a majority of the Auditors. A section prescribes the manner in which the Justice shall then proceed in bringing the matter before the School Board. When the latter receives such notification and it appears a loss had been sustained, they shall file the amount of the approved claim with the secretary of the Board, including the necessary costs incurred, to be paid out of the fund raised by the tax on dogs. If the owner of the dogs doing the damage is responsible, then the Treasurer of the Board shall immediately collect the damages and costs from him, and place the proceeds in the sheep fund. If it shall be found at the close of the current year that the dog tax is not sufficient to pay for all losses incurred under the law, then the School Board shall pay a pro rata share to the several claimants; if the funds are sufficient, then the claims shall be paid in full.

All dogs in the State are made personal property and subject of larceny. Justices shall be allowed a fee of fifty cents in every case that comes before them. Owners of dogs causing loss may voluntarily pay the damages, without awaiting action. In case there is a surplus in the sheep fund in the hands of the Treasurer at the close of the current year amounting to $100, the same shall be transferred to the school fund of the district for school purposes. The law does not repeal or affect the provision of any existing law on the same subject in any county or district. The law is a very important one, not only to farmers, but to all dog owners.

The law in full may be found on pages 222 3 4 5 of pamphlet laws for 1889.

NEW CONSTITUTIONS.

A Constitution will be voted upon by three of the incoming States in the Northwest next month, it may not be out of place to look at the more important provisions in them. The Constitution of South Dakota has already been adopted. The people of North Dakota, Washington, and Montana have yet to vote.

For the most part all four of the Constitutions are conservative and sensible. The best features have been taken from those of older States. The intention has been to combine in one instrument the virtues of all and the weaknesses of none. The North Dakota Constitution is conservative to a degree. That of Montana differs from it in embodying a number of legislative propositions in the instrument itself. That of Washington, so far as known, avoids most experiments.

There are, however, a number of novelties in each of the instruments. North Dakota puts in its fundamental law a prohibition of blacklisting, and permits juries in civil cases to consist of less than twelve. Log rolling in the Legislature is declared to be bribery. A Governor who uses his powers of appointment or removal or veto to coerce members shall forfeit the right to hold office. Both the Dakotas give the Governor the right to veto appropriation bills. All four Constitutions provide for biennial sessions of the Legislature and three at least limit the session to sixty days. The framers follow the best Constitutions in other States when dealing with the questions of special legislation, limiting indebtedness, etc.

The three very important subjects of public education, woman suffrage, and Prohibition are dealt with in nearly all. North and South Dakota and Montana give women the right to vote at school elections. Montana gives them also the right to vote upon propositions requiring the voice of taxpayers. In Washington the general question of women suffrage is to be voted on by the people at the same time with the Constitution. In South Dakota the question is to be submitted by the first Legislature of the State, but in North Dakota there is no provision for any further action. The question of the prohibition of the liquor traffic is likewise referred to the people in North and South Dakota and Washington, but is not dealt with in any shape by Montana.—*Buffalo Express.*

WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN FACT.

The Governor and several other State officers of Kansas have published a statement declaring that woman suffrage is a success. It has been demonstrated—

(1) That women will vote.

(2) That good women will vote.

(3) That the evils predicted if women should vote, viz., that they would neglect home duties, etc., have not visited Kansas yet, although that State has had three years of woman suffrage.

The way to prove that women wont vote is not to give them a chance.

Good women have as much interest in good government as good men, and they will exercise themselves to secure wholesome laws and see them enforced where their votes count as much as any other citizens.

Almost every day brings news from some quarter that women, for one reason or other, are throwing off their ancient lethargy and asserting their right to be heard in matters concerning themselves and their children, and many women in the highest circles in England have taken sides on the question of granting the parliamentary franchise to their sex. For fourteen years or more certain classes of women have possessed municipal suffrage in Great Britain.

Woman suffrage may not come with a rush, but it is coming.—*New York Press.*

Subscribe for the MINER.

JUSTICE FIELD TESTIFIES.

When the case of Deputy Marshal Nagle was resumed in the Federal Court in San Francisco on the 5th inst several witnesses who had known Judge Terry for years were examined and their general statements were to the effect that Terry had never been in the habit of making idle threats and was regarded as a dangerous man when his passion was aroused. Several witnesses also detailed the occurrences in the railroad dining room at Lathrop, where Terry was shot by Nagle.

Justice Field was examined briefly. He detailed a number of occurrences previous to the killing of Judge Terry, including the decision he had rendered against Mrs. Terry a year ago and the affair in the court room at that time, which resulted in Terry and his wife being imprisoned for contempt. In relation to the tragedy at Lathrop last month, he said:

"Deputy Marshal Nagle and myself entered the dining room at Lathrop for breakfast, and soon after taking our seats Judge Terry and his wife, who were on the same train, also entered the room, and as they passed down the aisle Mrs. Terry glanced at me for a moment and then turned about and left the place. Judge Terry seated himself, but arose immediately and came toward me. Before realizing what he intended to do I felt a powerful blow on my cheek. I turned around and saw Terry's giant form towering over me with his clenched fist upraised. I then heard Nagle say: 'Stop that; I am an officer.' I then heard two pistol shots in quick succession and saw Terry fall to the floor. I was dazed for a moment, but soon realized that Terry had received a death wound and arose and left the room."

Justice Field in response to questions expressed the opinion that if Nagle had not shot Terry he (Field) would have been dead within the next five seconds. Justice Field declared he had never had any difficulty of any nature whatever prior to rendering that judgment in the Sharon case a year ago. Justice Field added that the story of his having asked Terry to support him for President several years ago was pure fiction.

As he left the witness stand the Justice remarked that he was sorry there was no one on the other side to cross examine him.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT MY WIFE Catharine, Harkins, having left my bed and board, without just cause or provocation, must not be trusted on my account, for I will pay no debts of her contracting.
JAMES HARKINS.
Turtle Point, Sept. 10th, 1889.

WANTED!
SALESMEN.
To canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock. A full line of leading specialties. Salary and expenses paid to successful men. No experience necessary. Write for terms, stating age. [Mention this paper.]
C. L. BOOTHBY, Nurseryman, East Park, ROCHESTER, N. Y.
4-sept-nov

Incorporation Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County on the 7th day of October, A. D. 1889, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, under the act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of Certain Corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, by J. B. Phillips, S. S. Washburn, Mark Hardie, Perry Okra and H. Keesler and others, for the charter of an intended incorporation to be called the Methodist Episcopal Church of Mount Alton, the character and object of which is, the support of public worship, and for these purposes to have and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the Act of Assembly aforesaid and its supplements.
W. B. & J. B. CHAPMAN, Solicitors.
Bradford, Pa., Sept. 9th, 1889.

Notice.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF EXecutors, and Administrators having been settled in the office of the Register the same will be presented for confirmation at the Orphans' Court to be held at Smethport in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1889:

First and final account of Samuel W. Smith, Executor of the last will and testament of John Ford, deceased.

First and partial account of J. E. K. Morris, Executor of the last will and testament of Valerius E. Shaw, deceased.

First and final account of Mary Ann McAuliffe, Administratrix c. t. a. d. b. n. of Dominick Terry, deceased.

Account of John H. Donelly, Administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Donelly, deceased.

First and final account of L. D. Gowdy, Administrator of the Estate of Aurilla Champlin, deceased.

First and final account of Jane Davis, Administratrix of the estate of Catherine Niles, deceased.

J. M. McELROY, Register
H. M. CHOATE, Deputy.
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 9, 1889.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 123, February Term, 1889.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Kate Ross, by her next friend C. L. Ackley, did, on the twenty-fourth day of January 1889, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Aaron H. Ross.

We therefore command you, the said Aaron H. Ross that setting aside all other business, and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the 1st Monday of October next, to answer the petition or libel of said Kate Ross and to show cause if any you have, why the said Kate Ross, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.
Geo. A. Berry, Libellant's Attorney.
Sept. 11, 1889.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 157, February Term, 1889.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania, to the sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Flora M. Potter, by her next friend P. D. Hopkins, did, on the twenty-first day of January, 1889, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you George W. S. Potter.

We therefore command you, the said George W. S. Potter, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the 1st Monday of Oct. next, to answer the petition or libel of said Flora M. Potter, and show cause, if any you have, why the said Flora M. Potter, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.
E. L. Keenan, Libellant's Attorney.
Sept. 11, 1889.

Smethport ✣ Planing ✣ Mill.

Water street, Foot of Franklin.

J. BAKER & SONS,

Manufacturers of

WINDOW AND DOOR FRAMES

SIDING, CEILING,

Wainscotting, Flooring, Etc., Etc.

CUSTOM WORK

Done in a first-class manner and on short notice.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Builders will do well to call on us for their lumber, as we can furnish all kinds in short order at reasonable prices.

Contractors & Builders.

To this branch of our business we will devote special attention. None but skilled workmen are employed, and we guarantee satisfaction.

Notice to Contractors.

BIDS FOR BUILDING A THREE-STORY brick building will be received by the Smethport Odd Fellow's Hall Association, until 4 o'clock p. m., September 18th, 1889. Plans and specifications may be seen at the store of H. W. Hable from September 12th to 18th. The directors reserve the right to reject any and all bids.
H. M. CHOATE, Secretary.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Manufactured by
Swanton Suspender Co.
Swanton Vt.
Keep your pants on with the Atwood Suspender

BROWNELL BRO'S, Sole Agents,
SMETHPORT, PA.

For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE her house and four lots on the northeast corner of Main and Nelson streets, in Smethport borough. For terms of sale apply to
MRS. L. T. MEDBURY.
Sept. 5th, 1889. Smethport, Pa.

Administrator's Sale.

ESTATE OF E. V. CHADWICK, LATE OF Eldred township, McKean county, Pa., deceased.

In pursuance and by virtue of an order and decree of the Orphans' Court of McKean county, made September 3d, A. D. 1889, the undersigned Administrator of E. V. Chadwick, late of Eldred township, McKean county, and State of Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose for sale at public vendue and sell to the highest and best bidder, at the Court House, in Smethport borough, McKean county, Pa., on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1st, A. D. 1889, at 10 O'CLOCK A. M., the real estate of the deceased, as follows, to-wit:

No. 1.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the borough of Smethport, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of lot No. 3 in square No. 32; thence east by the south side of Main street 30 feet; thence south 115¼ feet to the north line of the alley; thence by said north line west 30 feet; thence north 115¼ feet to the place of beginning, containing 3464 square feet strict measure be the same more or less, being part of lot No. 3 in square 32. The said lot having thereon a one story frame building with basement, a frame barn and outbuildings.

No. 2.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the borough of Smethport, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post corner in the south line of Green street No. 30, [illegible] to Charles Lemmler; thence east 4 rods to a post; thence south 8 perches to the centre of said square; thence west 4 rods to the southeast corner of said Lemmler lot; thence north 8 rods to the place of beginning, containing [illegible] of an acre of land, be the same more or less and being lot No. 2 of said square No. 30 in warrant No. 2595; said lot being improved and having thereon a few fruit trees.

No. 4.

An equitable interest subject to the payment of $[illegible], purchase money, with interest from February 10th, 1881, in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the borough of Smethport, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Charles Lemmler and estate of E. V. Chadwick; on the east by lands of McKean county; on the south by King street and on the west by Church street, containing 3-4 of an acre be the same more or less and being the southwest one-quarter part of square No. 28. Improved.

No. 5.

All that certain contiguous pieces, parcels and tracts of land situate in the village of Larrabee, township of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning in the Olean and Smethport road at the southeast corner of lands of E. S. Carpenter being south eighteen degrees, west twenty and two-tenths rods from the northeast corner of the Hannah Childs farm [illegible]

Also commencing at the northeast corner of the lot [illegible]

Also beginning at the northeast corner of land [illegible]

Terms of Sale—One-fourth of the purchase price at sale and the balance on confirmation of sale.
BURD CHADWICK,
Administrator.
SHERIDAN GORTON,
Attorney.

If You Have
CONSUMPTION,
BRONCHITIS,
SCROFULA,
COUGH or COLD,
THROAT AFFECTION,
WASTING of FLESH,
Or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength or Nerve Power, you can be relieved and Cured by
SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL
With Hypophosphites.
PALATABLE AS MILK.
Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.
Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

CURRY BUSINESS COLLEGE
OF CURRY UNIVERSITY,
SIXTH STREET, PITTSBURG.
The best equipped and most successful Business College in Pennsylvania. Individual instruction from 9 a. m. till 4 p. m., and from 7 till 10 p. m. Actual Business Practice and Practical Banking are specialties. The best advantages in Shorthand and Type-writing. The highest speed in the shortest time. The most thorough and complete regular courses of study in the Classical, Scientific, Seminary, Normal, Music and Elocutionary Departments. Correspondence solicited. Send for Catalogue.
JAMES CLARK WILLIAMS, A. M., Prest.
52-13w.

-:- LEONARD -:- KOENIG, -:-
PAINTER AND DECORATOR,
HERZOG ✣ HOUSE, ✣ MILL ✣ STREET,
-:- SMETHPORT, PA. -:-

FURNITURE
Established, 1836.
BUY OF THE MAKER.
For out-of-town trade we have an Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free. We pay the freight.
HERSEE & CO.,
Mammoth :-: Retail :-: Manufacturers,
247 to 255 Ellicott Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

We Lead But Never Follow.

Your Homes—How to Furnish Them.

The homes of the wealthy as well as those of the working people can be furnished by the manufacturers with furniture, and everything in the line of housekeeping at more reasonable prices than from any other party. We have a magnificently assorted stock of parlor suites of the latest designs, upholstered in elegant styles of Plushes, Brocatelle, Wilton Rugs, Hair-cloth, etc. Our Cabinets, Side-boards, Desks and Chamber Suites are of the most modern styles, all of which will be sold at such prices as must defy competition. All tastes can be satisfied, and orders are immediately supplied. All visitors are politely waited on, whether they purchase or not. About 30 per cent. can be saved by leaving your orders at our establishment.

No one who is interested in Furniture if only to the extent of a very plain chair, can afford to overlook the superb assortment we are showing.

Out of a stock so exhaustive as ours, embracing, as it does, every reliable grade of Furniture in an almost unlimited assortment of styles, it is scarcely safe to allow ourselves to select any piece for special mention, since in doing so we must seem to discriminate unjustly against so many others equally worthy of notice.

We will Quote a few price instances:

A NEW LINE OF SIDEBOARDS
Deserve special mention. Handsome in design and finish, at prices surprising; they are so little. In all woods from $12.00 to $150.00.

DINING ROOM SUITES
Attract attention, because of their chaste appearance and reasonableness in cost.

DINING ROOM TABLES.
A very long string. A good article at $5.50. From that up to $75.00.

DINING ROOM CHAIRS.
Plenty. Nice ones covered with leather from $3.50 to $10.00. Fine high back all oak chair, $1.00, very desirable.

NEW PARLOR SUITES.
Fine Designs, graceful, receding backs—every line a curve—arms, legs, backs all artistically fashioned in eye-pleasing bends. Splendidly upholstered with Silk Plush and Brocade, $75.00. This is only one of many. We have

PARLOR SUITES
Thoroughly well made and good at $40.00, $45.00, $50.00 and upwards.

SOME REAL BARGAINS.

BED-ROOM SUITES.
The margin isn't large enough to allow more than a bare mention of our

VERY CHEAP SUITES
At $17, $19, $22, $28, $30, and $32.

OVER 200 STYLES OF BED-ROOM SUITES.
Too many to permit even a hint at description.
Our house is full of Art Works most beautiful in Furniture, arches, carvings, luxuriously contrived Chairs, Divans, Sofas, everything required to furnish a house from

KITCHEN TO GARRET.
And we're just as careful to be right in small things as in large.
Hat Racks, $0.00 to $50.00.
Book-cases, $3.00 to 25.00.
Marble Top Tables, $5.00 to $15.00.
Rattan Rockers, $2.50 to $10.00.

We have six large floors fitted with furniture. What we cant show you is not worth looking at. When you come to the City be sure and call on us, our store is one of the sights of the City. Remember when you buy of us you buy of the maker. Remember when you buy of us you buy of a firm that has been making Furniture for fifty-three years.
Remember we pack goods and pay the freight free of charge.

SMETHPORT
GRADED SCHOOL!
The Academic Department offers
TWO THOROUGH COURSES
adapted either to those who want to teach in the common schools and to those who wish a GOOD ACADEMIC COURSE, or to those who desire a FULL CLASSICAL COURSE AND PREPARATION FOR COLLEGE.
All Departments Are Thoroughly Graded—Six Teachers.
Rates of tuition:
Academic, per month $2 00
Intermediate, per month 1 50
Primary, per month 1 00
Opens Sept. 2, 1889.
For particulars address
W. F. SHERO, A. B., Principal.

NEW GROCERIES.
We have just received a supply of good fresh groceries which we will sell at a slight advance over wholesale prices.
New Full Cream Cheese.
First-class Flour also on hand.
The goods are all fresh and first-class. Call and try them.
Mrs. JOHN TRACY.
Smethport, August 22d, 1889.

WANTED
Men to take orders for Nursery Stock, on Salary or Commission. I can make a successful
SALESMAN
of any one who will work and follow my instructions. Will furnish handsome outfit free, and pay your salary or commission every week. Write for terms at once.
E. O. GRAHAM, Nurseryman,
31—13w. Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED RELIABLE, ENERGETIC MEN AS SALESMEN.
Truthful men—No liars wanted. New blood—no old scaly agents, that can't maintain a position with a reliable firm. Experience not required. We can make a good salesman of any pushing, active man. Salary and expenses (or commission). Stock guaranteed true.
H. W. FOSTER & CO. NURSERYMEN, BOX C. GENEVA, NEW YORK

Legal Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ANY person found carrying off or in any way molesting any of the property in or around the saw mill of the subscriber, in Christian Hollow, Norwich township, including buildings, slabwood, machinery, etc., will be dealt with according to law.
GEO. W. HUTTON.
Nowerf, July 8th, 1889.

Good Business Location.

FOR RENT.—The subscriber offers for rent the store room and cellar under it now occupied by D. C. Young in the Backus building opposite the Court House. Possession given on the first of September next. ALSO—the dwelling house now occupied by herself and family adjoining the Backus block on Main street. Possession given on the first of October next.
MRS. J. C. BACKUS.
Smethport, July 24, 1889-tf.

V. KLAPPENBACH,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,
Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire
∴ SATISFACTION -:- GUARANTEED. ∴

Near Philadelphia.
School Opens Sept. 18th.
Yearly Expense, $500.
Four Payments, $125.
MEDIA ACADEMY
Admits and classifies young men and boys at any time; fits them for Business, any College, Polytechnic School, for West Point or Annapolis. Graduating classes. One of the best equipped and best managed Schools. Good table. All students board with the Principal. Teachers all men and graduates of first-class Colleges. Fine buildings (single or double rooms). Every room has in it a steam radiator and is completely furnished. Grounds (ten acres) for foot-ball, athletics, etc. Gymnasium. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Private tutoring and special drill for backward boys. Patrons or students may select any studies, or a Business, College-Preparatory, Electrical, or Civil Engineering course. Physical and Chemical Laboratory. Practical Business Department. Short-hand, Type-writing, etc. More fully supplied with apparatus than any other College-fitting School. Media Academy affords every home comfort, the best education and the best training. Fixed price covers every expense. No examinations for admission. New illustrated catalogue sent free to any address. SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A.B., A.M. (Harvard Graduate), Principal and Proprietor, Media, Pa.

Media, Pa., near Phila.
School Opens Sept. 25th.
Yearly Expense, $500.
Two Payments, $250.
BROOKE HALL,
FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES. Miss Eastman's Celebrated School.
Graduating Courses in Classics, Literature, Science, Mathematics, Music, Modern Languages. Twelve accomplished teachers and lecturers. Superior Musical Department. School has an organ and eleven pianos. Private tutoring for backward pupils. Individual attention. Small classes. Pupils surrounded by such restraints as are essential to their safety and happiness. New Illustrated Circular free.
SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A.M. (Harvard Graduate), MRS. SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, } Principals, Media, Pa.

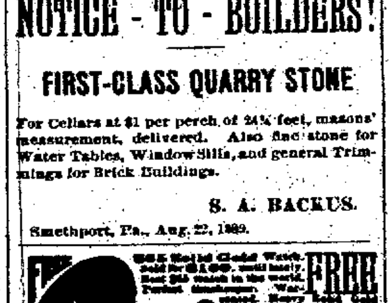
Furniture and
Undertaking.
New Goods Received Every Week!
We guarantee Prices always the Lowest. All goods delivered FREE.
In the undertaking line we give careful and intelligent service.
Bodies preserved as long as desired. Personal attendance at all funerals when required. The finest hearse in the county.
Give me a call and I will convince you that I do business on the square.
Respectfully,
F. A. CARTER, Eldred, Pa.
1-11-89

EMIL THAMM,
Manufacturer of
CIGARS
And Dealer in
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO,
-:- PIPES, -:- ETC. -:-
49 MAIN STREET,
SMETHPORT, PA.,
Next door to Callar's Drug Store. July 19-6m

BUSH & McINTOSH,
Manufacturers of
Door & Window Frames
Flooring, Siding,
Ceiling, Etc.
Sash and Blinds Furnished to Order.
CUSTOM PLANING
done on short notice.
Also manufacturers of
LEVER HANDLES, WHIFFLETREES,
NECK-YOKES, AND ALL KINDS
—OF TURNED WORK.—
Saws Gummed to order
Shop opposite W. N. Y. & P. depot,
East : Smethport.
v25n24y1.

FIRST-CLASS
BLACKSMITHING!
The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Kreuger, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw-mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including
HORSESHOEING.
Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures
SLEIGHS
for Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Breaks if desired.
Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.
CHAS. W. LILGENDAHL.
Smethport, Aug. 6th, 1889.

NOTICE - TO - BUILDERS!
FIRST-CLASS QUARRY STONE
For Cellars at $1 per perch of 24¾ feet, masons' measurement, delivered. Also fine stone for Water Tables, Window Sills, and general Trimmings for Brick Buildings.
S. A. BACKUS.
Smethport, Pa., Aug. 22, 1889.



RUPTURE cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phil'a, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or business delay. Thousands cured. Send for Circular. No. 20 tf.

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.
Salary and Expenses paid, or Commission if preferred. Salesmen wanted everywhere. No experience needed. Address, stating age. The C. L. Van Dusen Nursery Co., Geneva, N. Y.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.
All Styles, Prices, Grades and Terms.
FIRST-CLASS
BUGGIES AND ROAD CARTS
at prices that will surprise you. Air Rifles $2.00. The neatest Writing Desk out. Rubber Goods (Anchor brand) wholesale and retail. Everything in Rubber Stamp line. Printing Presses, Seal Presses, etc.
W. A. WOODBURY,
42 and 44 Mechanic St., Bradford, Pa.

WHITFIELD & OLMSTEAD
HOUSE
SIGN AND CARRIAGE PAINTERS,
Mechanic St., Smethport, Pa.
Photo Copying in Crayon
A LIFE SIZE PORTRAIT IN ELEGANT GILT FRAME FOR ONLY TEN DOLLARS.
v25n19tf.

BROWNELL BROS
—IS—
HEADQUARTERS!
—FOR—
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS.
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS
A FULL LINE OF
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS
ETC., ETC.
OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."
Smethport, - Pa.
January 1, 1888.

TAYLOR'S
Air-Tight Crystal Butter Package
Preserves and keeps butter in its natural flavor for any length of time. For sale in McKean and Elk county by
6-21 tf. BLAKE & WOOD, Eldred, Pa.

C. E. GROVER,
CONTRACTOR & BUILDER
And Proprietor of the
-:- Port Allegany Planing Mill. -:-
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Siding, Flooring, Ceiling
BRACKETS, MOULDING, &c.
All Kinds of
DRESSED LUMBER TO ORDER.
Plans and Specifications for Buildings furnished on application. All work guaranteed.
C. E. GROVER.
3-22-89-1y. PORT ALLEGANY, PA

GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wholesale and Retail
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked
—FOR—
FRESH & SALT FISH
—AND FOR ALL—
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
I will also pay the highest price for
STOCK AND HIDES.
CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF
Nearly opposite Catholic church. Main st.
J. F. ROONEY.

GLEASON & LEMMLER
Dealers in and Manufacturers of
HARNESS
OF EVERY STYLE
AND CHARACTER
Which they will sell at the
LOWEST RATES.
They also keep a full supply of
Saddles, Blankets,
Whips, Etc.
Also a large and complete invoice of
TRUNKS & VALISES
Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.
GLEASON & LEMMLER.
Smethport, Pa., March 13, 1884.

SMETHPORT BAND—Now open for engagement. Military music satisfactorily furnished for public amusements. Prices reasonable. Address J. W. BAKER, Manager, Smethport, Pa.

McKean County Miner

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The date on your paper shows the time to which it is paid. If you want the address of your paper changed, give the old address as well as the new one. If you want your paper stopped, pay arrearages, [illegible] whether you take it from the office or not. If you do not get the paper regularly let us know. We send every man's paper every week, and the trouble is with the mails when not received.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 13, 1889.

[illegible] ROGERS, Local Editor.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

[illegible] is happy.

[illegible] was in session this week.

[illegible] crop in this region is a de[illegible]

[illegible] evenings remind one of the [illegible] days.

[illegible] fever is afflicting a number [illegible] this town.

[illegible] are at present 11 prisoners [illegible] in the county jail.

[illegible] has been well represented [illegible] International fair.

[illegible] one of the new town building [illegible] Fulton and Water streets.

[illegible] of the flannel shirt is said [illegible] while the bustle dies hard.

Sportsmen say that black squirrels [illegible] plentiful in this neighborhood.

The Teachers' Institute will be held [illegible] the week commencing Octo[illegible]

[illegible] a good deal in store for the [illegible] of Smethport, in the near future.

[illegible] proceedings were crowded out [illegible]. They will be published in [illegible] next week.

Mrs. T. D. Nash is the first to announce [illegible] of new fall goods. See adv. in another column.

N. H. Knapp is doing some temporary [illegible] in the Commissioners office. He is an expert clerk.

An examination of school teacher candidates was held by Supt. Eckels, at the Court House, last Saturday.

The Smethport Band is holding its [illegible] dance in Kittredge opera house. To-night will wind up the revelry.

Fire fishing in the Allegany river at [illegible] is a popular amusement among the sportsmen of this neighborhood.

The Herzog grist mill in Mechanicsburg is now run by the steam of Gifford's [illegible] mill, which is connected to the grist mill engine.

E. F. Waller, of King street, is superintending the work on the Blacksmith Run's reservoir. This fact is a guarantee that the work will be well done.

There will be a foot race in Port Allegany on the 17th inst. Lewis Lemon of East Smethport and a man named Schoonmaker will be the contestants.

A pair of eye glasses were found in Norwich township near Colegrove some time ago. The owner can have them by calling at this office and giving a satisfactory description.

Many persons who congregated at the M. E. church last Tuesday night, to hear the temperance lecture by John Sobelski, were disappointed as that gentleman did not put in an appearance.

The K. O. T. M. of Crosby was presented with a handsome bible from the ladies of that vicinity on the 4th inst. for which the members of the society desire to return their sincere thanks.

A specimen of tobacco leaf of luxuriant growth was on exhibition at the [illegible] some days ago. It was a product of McKean county soil. Farmers would do well to go into this branch of agriculture.

Here is what the *United Presbyterian* says of Sam Jones at Chautauqua: "The [illegible] taught by his egotism, ignorance, vulgarity and irreverence was so positive one that it will not be lost in arranging future programmes."

Smethport has a walking club. The [illegible] force is represented by two members. Landlord Taylor objects to his boarders becoming members, as a three mile walk in McKean county air has a stimulating effect on the appetite.

The new walk lately built from the Potato creek bridge to the W. N. Y. & P. depot, at the expense of Stickney, Bell & Co., is a great improvement to East Smethport, and reflects the public spirited magnanimity of the firm mentioned.

The union depot at Bradford is the subject of many a scathing comment from the press of that city. It is appropriately termed "the old haunted rookery." The citizens will feel proud when their anticipated electric light illuminates a new depot.

Steve Brodie, the Brooklyn bridge jumper, accomplished the perilous feat of going over Niagara Falls in his rubber suit, last Saturday. He was dragged out below the falls in an unconscious condition by his friends. A yarn which has few believers.

Rev. J. W. Chandler will reach home from his trip to Gettysburg and Washington to-day and will preach in the M. E. Church at the usual hours on Sunday next. The services in the evening will commence at 7.30 P. M. instead of 8 o'clock as heretofore.

Contrary to expectations, Rev. J. H. McCandless will not be present at services in St. Luke's church next Sunday. He and his party have been detained in London, by the indisposition of Orlo Hamlin. They will sail for America as soon as it is deemed prudent.

Roger Sherman, Esq., of Titusville, Hon. M. F. Elliott, of Wellsboro, Senator Lee of Franklin and Hon. J. Ross Thompson of Erie, were attending civil court this week. They were employed in the case of Logan, Emery & Weaver vs. Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Extensive preparations are being made for the big G. A. R. blow-out to be held in this place on the third of October. Governor Beaver and other prominent men of the state will be in attendance, and the prospects are that Smethport will entertain an enormous crowd.

Will J. McConnell, the brilliant and accomplished temperance orator who caused the great temperance agitation in this section of country a few years ago, is now breaking stone in a Chicago jail, serving a sentence for assault. McConnell is a gifted man, but he cannot control his appetite for strong drink.

—A charter was granted by the State Department at Harrisburg, on Thursday Sept. 5th, to the Coudersport and West Branch Railroad Company, capital $170,000. The line will be seventeen miles long from Coudersport, Potter county, to the west branch of Pinecreek, near Borrows school house in West Branch township. The president is N. J. Peck, of Coudersport.

—The public school law now in force in this state provides that the use of profane or obscene language by a pupil shall constitute good cause for expulsion from school; also that any who shall cut, deface, or otherwise injure school houses, fences or other outbuildings thereof are liable to suspension and punishment.

—A merchant over in McKean county advertises: "A lot of men's pants at half off." There has been a good deal said about so many of Potter county's people going here fooled that the shoemakers went hungry for work, and no one had denied the charge, but we haven't seen any of our citizens around with their pants "half off."—*Austin Autograph.*

—Manufacturers in order to promote the sale of their poisonous cigarettes, offer albums containing photographs of actresses in scant dress upon receipt of specified numbers of certificates which are inclosed in packages. The average Smethport small boy puts forth every effort to accumulate these tickets in order to obtain and worship the photographed fairys in *dishabille*. Mothers should beware.

—A gentleman of King street had a peculiar experience some evenings since. While he was glancing over some newspapers in his easy chair at home, he heard a noise in the room and upon looking in the direction saw not "a stately raven" but a black and white animal resembling a cat. The gentleman was greatly alarmed and after much manœuvering, in a very humble manner succeeded in getting the skunklet to depart, without ruining his home.

—Smethport is the place for a pulp and paper factory. Companies are contracting with parties in this neighborhood for soft maple, poplar, jack pine, and other kinds of wood. We have all the facilities for tanneries, factories and other industries and still they don't come, and will not, until a stock company is formed and inducements put forth to bring them here. Brick and frame buildings are going up, and every thing is prosperous, but let us have something that will boom the town.

—An athletic gentleman, of this place, recently walked from Bradford to Smethport, a distance of 19 miles, in about four hours. We have since learned that a Bradford attorney performs the feat every time he attends court. It is true that there is a good deal of feet in the act, but it is not excusable except in the courting of a pretty girl, when the same distance might be traversed over broken glass, barefooted, without comment. It is needless to say that in that case the performer of the feat might count his feet after footing it to court.

—E. I. Williams of the firm of G. W. Williams & Co., and Miss Flora, daughter of J. K. Odell were married at the home of the brides parents on Water street yesterday at 10 a. m., Rev. J. Odell of Lockport, performing the ceremony. The wedding passed off very pleasantly, a number of intimate friends being present. F. L. Swaney acted as best man and Miss Allee Badger of this place, as bridesmaid. There was an elaborate display of presents, which we regret we have not space to itemize. The happy couple took the 12:15 train for Rochester.

—The improvements on the Blacksmith Brook reservoir, which have been in operation for some time past, are nearing completion. Besides the addition of the waters of Sheldon Brook to the line, the reservoir has been completely remodeled by the company. Two massive walls filled in between with cement, will now hold the stream in check. These walls have been built considerably higher than the original dam and will obviate a great deal of leakage that existed heretofore. A few more weeks of labor will restore to Smethport her ample water resources, with a vast increase of pressure, and she may then well be proud of the finest reservoir and water supply in this part of the State. The walking club investigated the matter last Sunday, and we know whereof we speak.

—Sixty years ago railroads were unknown in this country, and the population of the United States consisted of 12,000,000 people. To-day we operate upward of 165,000 miles of railroad, and our population has increased to 60,000,000. Sixty years ago the aggregate wealth of the United States was less than 1,000,000,000; at present it is estimated at $56,000,000,000. Over our 165,000 miles of railroad there was carried last year 475,000,000 people and 800,000,000 tons of freight were transported. Upon these lines are engaged 1,000,000 employes. Their equipment consists of 30,000 locomotives, 21,000 passenger cars, 7,000 baggage cars, and 1,000,000 freight cars. The capital invested in construction and equipment amounts to $8,000,000,000, and the yearly disbursements for labor and supplies exceed $600,000,000.—*Scientific American.*

—If there is a profession in the world outside of the newspaper business, that will incline a man towards misanthropy, it is the profession of medicine. Just to illustrate the ingratitude that can be shown we will give an experience which happened a few years ago to a physician of this vicinity. He had generously taken charge of a man who had received a painful injury to his foot, while working in the woods, and as there was no other convenient place, had removed him to his own private house. The doctor then administered an anæsthetic, and worked for two hours on the fellow's foot, his wife in the meantime doing all that a sympathetic woman could for a suffering mortal. The unprincipled wretch had a big boodle at the time, but after he had received all the benefits he could get out of his benefactor, he feigned an empty pocket-book and departed without even thanking the doctor and his wife. He soon afterward took a train and left for parts unknown.

Forefather's Day.

Great and elaborate preparations are being made by the Swedish citizens all along the P. & E. railroad to celebrate the 14th of September at Jamestown in grand style. Delegations will arrive clear from Ridgway; even as far as Dagus Mines, a delegation, headed by the Swedish brass band of that place is expected. All along the road at Wilcox, Kane, Sheffield, Warren and other places great interest in the coming event is taken. The farming community in Chautauqua and Warren counties are also greatly stirred and will probably be represented in the parade by a mounted delegation.

The day will be held to commemorate the landing of the Swedes at Delaware 1638, and the intention is to set this day apart every year hereafter as a national holiday. Elaborate and extensive preparations are also taken with the same end in view in all other places where the Swedish citizens are settled.

St. Luke's Church.

Services on Sunday next—Morning Prayer and Litany, 10:30 a. m. Evening Prayer and Anthem, 8 p. m.

All Saints Chapel at East Smethport; Evening Prayer at 2:30 p. m.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

The editor-in-chief visited Buffalo last Tuesday.

O. D. Coleman, of Kane, was in town on Tuesday.

G. H. Boyd, of Gallagher, Pa., was in town Tuesday.

Elisha Kent Kane, of Kane, was in town Tuesday.

Alexander Logan, of Ludlow, called on us Tuesday.

E. W. Stone, of Warren, attended court this week.

Mrs. T. D. Nash started for New York Monday afternoon.

Miss Choate returned Tuesday night from a visit in Milwaukee.

Hon. Rasselas Brown of Warren was in attendance at court this week.

Mrs. C. S. King of Bradford was visiting friends in town on Wednesday.

John Mullin, of this place, is presiding as principal over the Rew City school.

Representative W. E. Burdick, of Duke Centre, was at the county seat this week.

F. D. Wright and H. H. Corson, of Kane, drove over to Smethport last Sunday.

A. A. Bridge, of Roulette, formerly of Port Allegany, made us a call last Saturday.

Miss L. S. Rogers, of King street, is visiting relatives and friends in Ithaca, N. Y.

Col. A. I. Wilcox, of Bradford, was registered at the Wright House, on Wednesday.

Wes Hooker, one of Port Allegany's enterprising business men, was in town Tuesday.

Ex-Sheriff Bannon and his father, P. Bannon, of Blossburg, were attending court this week.

J. J. Newman, of Buffalo, was looking after his interests in this section the fore part of the week.

F. M. Ferguson and L. L. Higgins, of Bradford, were visitors at the county seat last Sunday.

Mr. James A. Anderson, the well known citizen of Kinzua, [illegible] attendance at court this week.

E. S. Taylor, of Vermillion Co., Ill., a son of J. V. Taylor, is visiting his uncle, Ezra Taylor, of this place.

Attorney George Roberts and wife of Bradford, were guests at the Wright House a few days this week.

Tony Bannon Jr., of Bradford and M. L. St. John of Buffalo, were present at the wedding of their friend, E. I. Williams, yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Sprague, of Salamanca, are visiting at the residence of A. T. Palmer, on Green street. Mr. Sprague is interested in a case before the court this week.

C. B. Hopkins, wife and daughter who have been visiting friends and acquaintances in town for the past two months, left on Tuesday of last week for their home in Wyoming, Iowa.

Mrs. J. A. Yerdon and son, Herbie, returned Monday of last week from a two weeks' visit with friends and relatives at Coleville. J. A. Yerdon has moved his family into rooms in the Chautauqua house.

Landlord H. S. Sartwell and wife, of Olean, were among the many visitors to Smethport, this week. Mr. Sartwell was a former proprietor of the Grand Central hotel, and during his absence from Smethport, he has lost none of his old time genial characteristics.

Messrs. John Wilson and M. Gill of Bradford city and John Coffey and H. M. Belknap, of Bradford township, four stalwart democrats, called on us on Thursday morning and informed us that they could not vote the Republican ticket this fall, all of which was discouraging news.

THE SHOOTING AFFAIR.

McKean County's Reputation Sustained at Portage Creek—Richie Arrested.

The recovery of George Sherman the man who was shot by John Richie at Portage Creek on the 3rd inst, is very doubtful. Dr. E. G. and John Brown performed an operation last Sunday upon the eye that was injured by the shot, and since then the man has showed signs of improvement, but is, at present, lying in a delirious state at the poor house.

The story of the affair goes that Sherman came to Portage Creek some three years ago and won the heart and hand of a young lady named Anna Carr who after a short but sweet honeymoon, discovered that he was the husband of a woman and the father of five children living in New England. After comprehending the state of affairs, Mrs. Sherman parted from her husband, and engaged as house keeper for John Richie, a widower of that boro. Sherman becoming discontented, made arrangements to meet his wife number 2 at Sartwell on Tuesday, the 3rd inst. They met at the time appointed, and upon their return, Sherman tried to induce her to stop off in Port Allegany, but he was unsuccessful in his attempt and left the carr alone. During the afternoon he got pretty well under the influence of liquor, and returned to Portage Creek at night.

According to Richie's story, Sherman came to his house the same evening at about 10 o'clock and made three attempts to enter. The third time he got to a bedroom door, whereupon Richie picked up a gun, presented it full in his face and fired, the charge entering his left eye. Sherman was left outside of the house that night uncared for, and in a terrible condition, but was eventually brought to the county poor house by the Commissioners. Richie gave himself up on the following Wednesday afternoon, but was acquitted by Justice Vosburg of Port Allegany.

He was sent for yesterday by the Commissioners and arrived here under arrest on the same day. The case will be fully investigated.

The Helping Hands.

A meeting of The Helping Hands will be held at the rooms of the W. C. T. U., next Tuesday, September 17, at 2 o'clock p. m. This society has a membership of twenty-eight—twenty-two married ladies and six young ladies. During the past year seventy different articles of clothing and bedding have been distributed among needy families in this vicinity, of which a record has been kept, besides several packages that have been given by members of which no account has been kept. We are just commencing the work of another year. We would be glad to receive any article of cast-off clothing for repairs. The same can be left at the rooms of the W. C. T. U., or with any member of the society.

MRS. D. L. FORSYTH, Sec'y.

Important.

Those of my customers who are owing me are urgently requested to call and settle their account soon.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

GRAND ARMY DAY.

The Third Annual Re-Union of the McKean County Association, G. A. R., will be held at Smethport, October 3d, 1889.

Chief Marshal—J. M. McElroy.

Assistants—OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION.

Adjutant General—C. N. BARRETT.

Surgeon—S. D. FREEMAN.

Quartermaster—J. T. BISHOP.

Division Commanders—B. F. WRIGHT, A. C. DOUGLASS, C. E. KNIGHT.

Chief of Staff—THOS. H. RYAN.

AIDES DE CAMP.

Post 141,	J. C. HUGHES.
" 158,	A. H. MAYO.
" 238,	DAVID HOWELL.
" 330,	S. A. SMITH.
" 347,	A. H. PEIRCE.
" 356,	W. L. RUSSELL.
" 431,	E. F. CORNELL.
" 530,	WM. LEPPER.
" 585,	C. P. BYRON.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION.

L. ROGERS, President.

CHAS E. HATCH, Vice President.

H. M. CHOATE, Secretary.

J. E. BALDWIN, Treasurer.

E. M. BULS, Chaplain.

Council of Administration—I. G. HOWE, C. M. SLACK, GEO GRIFFITH, W. D. MURRAY, B. F. WRIGHT, JAMES FRAZER, R. H. CAMP, J. A. BUHP, E. R. SHERMAN.

Reception Committee—HON. T. A. MORRISON, R. A. DEMPSEY, WM. DOBIE, P. M. SHANNON, N. J. STANTON, R. H. CAMP, C. C. MOSES, J. E. GATES, C. V. GILLIS, JAS. FRAZER, W. H. GRUMBINE.

GENERAL JAMES A. BEAVER, Governor of the Commonwealth,

COLONEL THOMAS J. STEWART, Department Commander, G. A. R.,

GENERAL J. P. S. GOBIN, Past Department Commander,

HON. CHARLES W. STONE, Secretary of the Commonwealth,

COLONEL JOHN J. CARTER,

HON. W. W. BROWN,

CAPTAIN W. R. CHAPMAN,

P. R. COTTER, Esq.,

and other distinguished speakers will be present at meeting in the afternoon and at the Camp Fire in the evening.

GRAND PARADE

will form at 2:30 p. m. and march to the grove where afternoon meeting will be held if the day is pleasant, otherwise in the Court House.

CAMP FIRE

in the evening at the Court House.

All old soldiers, G. A. R. Posts and veteran organizations not members of the association will be heartily welcomed. Sons of Veterans and Women's Relief Corps are specially invited to be present.

Free dinner for all veterans and their families, members of the W. R. C. and Sons of Veterans at Smethport Rink.

Railroad rates over the B. B. & K. and W. N. Y. & P. will be one fare for the round trip. Tickets good to return on any train the following day.

A special train will leave Emporium for Smethport at 10:25 a. m. reaching the latter place about 12:30. This train will bring the Governor, Department Commander Stewart and other speakers from the east who reach Emporium on the P. & E. mail train at 10.30. Car accommodations will be provided by this train for all Posts, veterans and citizens on the line of the road to reach Smethport in time for the exercises.

L. ROGERS, President.

H. M. CHOATE, Secretary.

Obituaries.

Aaron Hagadorn was one of the oldest settlers of Lafayette township. He cleared up and owned until his death a handsome farm near Lafayette Corners, which he willed to his sons. He died on the 31st of July in the sixth year of his age, leaving a wife and two sons, Geo. W. and Orlando. The following from his pastor, Rev. J. F. Bennett, which appeared in a late issue of the Buffalo *Christian Advocate* we are pleased to copy:

"Much might be said about his correct, useful, christian life. Like Enoch he was a friend of God. He had walked with God about 60 years, converted when 18 years of age. He had been a devoted member of the Methodist church 54 years, and most of the time a class leader. His house was ever open to the itinerant, as many of them now living can testify. He often spoke of L. A. Stevens who was his pastor 25 years ago, ever inquiring after the younger pastors with a spirit of deep love, giving them all a father's blessing. He was one of the earliest subscribers for the Buffalo *Christian Advocate* and prized it highly. He leaves to mourn, a devoted christian wife, who toiled far beyond her strength in her husband's last days. Like Jacob of old he called his children and grandchildren around him and gave them a parting blessing and died in peace. The whole township deeply mourn their loss and praise his blameless life."

James Hoop one of the oldest, most prominent and highly esteemed citizens of Lafayette township, died at his residence in that township on Tuesday evening of this week, of inflammation of the bowels. Mr. Hoop was about 80 years of age. We understand that the funeral services were held on Thursday and were conducted by Rev. J. F. Bennett.

Died at East Smethport, Sunday evening last, of Cholera infantum, Freddy, adopted son of Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Stull aged 5 months.

Little Freddy was taken from the Orphan Home last May, and had been at his new home, long enough to win the hearts of, not only the family, but all who saw him. He was a lovely, and very bright child, and it was very hard to part with him.

His remains were taken to Eldred for burial, where the Rev. Mr. Snodgrass, conducted the funeral services.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hafner, wife of John Hafner, Esq., a well known citizen of Hamlin township, died of cancer of the breast at her home near Kasson, on Wednesday last at 12 o'clock m.

Mrs. Hafner was a daughter of the late John Martin of Farmers Valley. About four years ago she married Mr. Hafner and something over a year since the cancerous development first made its appearance on her breast, when her only child was about two years old. Everything has been done that medical science could suggest to stay the ravages of the horrible disease which had fastened itself to her but all to no avail. She had a large acquaintance through this section of the country and was highly esteemed by every one who knew her. The funeral services will be held to-day at 11 a m. in the M. E. Church in this place, Rev. J. F. Bennett of Lafayette officiating. The remains will be interred in Rose Hill cemetery.

Half-Rates to Columbus for the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Soverign Grand Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, will convene at Columbus, Ohio, September 16th to 22d. This meeting will undoubtedly bring together the largest assemblage of the order ever before gathered on a similar occasion. It is expected that 15,000 members, including a large number of Patriarchs Militant, will be in attendance. The parades and public ceremonies which will extend through the week will be highly interesting to the public as well as to members of the order. For this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all principal stations on its lines east of Pittsburg and Erie (except New York), September 13th to 16th, valid for return until September 28th, 1889, at the rate of a single fare for the round trip.

The universally admitted superiority of the Pennsylvania Railroad's great system of through trains, equipped with coaches, sleeping and dining cars, affording every convenience to the traveler, commends this route to the favorable consideration of visitors.

Will Not Remove

Is the answer Dr. Pierce gives many inquiring friends. He will fill, pull and make artificial teeth, besides doing many other Specialties in dentistry. Over Mr. Young's new store. Lowest possible prices consistent with good workmanship.

EIGHTEEN years' experience in the practice of dentistry. [Dr. PIERCE.

GOLD fillings are a useful ornament to decayed teeth and show refinement.

CLERMONT CHATTINGS.

Walter Dick from Crenshaw, was calling on his many friends in this place yesterday.

John W. Steinhauer and C. P. Erlandson represent this township as jurors at court this week.

The place for holding elections in this township is to be changed from what was known as the Buffalo Coal Co's office to the lower school house.

It gives great satisfaction to our people to know that Miss Jennie Hagadorn from Mt. Alton will teach in the new schoolhouse the coming term.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nelson and daughter from Sheffield, spent a few days this week in town the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sonbergh.

The MINER will be represented at the 251st anniversary of the landing of the Swedes in Delaware, which will be celebrated in Jamestown, N. Y., next Saturday.

The old pioneer and highly respected citizen, Wm. T. Totten, Esq., of Sergeant, is reported as being very ill at his home and fears are entertained that he will not recover. His many friends here hope that the reports are exaggerated and that he will soon be around again.

Officers of the P. & E. R. R. came up here on Saturday last to make a call on Mr Wheeler, their manager at this end of the road. Among them I noticed T. A. Roberts, Gen. Sup't., E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, G. M. Ball of the Empire Line and Hon. J. K. P. Hall of St. Marys. I understand that another passenger train is now to be put on the Clermont & Johnsonburg Railroad. It was the old and venerable engineer Wheelock, with Northern Central engine No. 111, who was entrusted with the responsibility of guiding these gentlemen over the new road.

It becomes my painful duty to inform the readers of the MINER that Mr. and Mrs. Peter Martin have lost their three year old boy, their only son. They now have only a little girl left of a family of ten children. The lovely boy was only sick a few days when he passed away on the 6th inst. to join his brothers and sisters in Paradise. The bereaved parents are almost heartbroken over their loss and the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community goes out to them in their great sorrow. The funeral was largely attended the services being conducted by Rev. J. G. Haim, whose sermon was an able one. The remains were taken to Rose Hill cemetery at Smethport for burial.

DOOLLY DOOLL.

TARPORT NOTES.

[illegible] is visiting friends and relatives in Buffalo, N. Y.

Miss Lizzie Cary is absent on a visit to friends in Buffalo.

Heber Denman left last week for a visit to friends in Canada, before returning to his studies at Lehigh University.

Robert Greer has purchased the grocery store of J. Graham, and will continue the business.

Mrs. E. R. Sherman has returned from a short visit to friends in Bolivar, N. Y.

John Denman, Jr. left last week for Bethlehem, Pa. where he will enter Lehigh University.

Mrs John Stephens left Monday for Canada where she will visit friends and relatives.

Mrs John Little of Warren is the guest of her mother Mrs. H. Stillings, on Kendall Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Fitch of Elmira, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Burt Eighney.

Miss Alice Miller of Woodhull, N. Y. has returned to take charge of her school in North Kendall.

Mr. Ed. Smith of Buffalo, spent a few days in town last week, the guest of his brother, Geo. Smith.

Mrs. Frank Bemis is absent on a visit to friends in Jamestown.

Mrs. J. Q. Field has returned from a prolonged visit to Chautauqua Lake.

Miss Minnie Sandborn has gone to take charge of her school in Norwich Township, after a brief visit to her parents.

J. C. Breneman left Monday for Grand Valley, on business.

Mrs Meade of Nanticoke is the guest of Mrs. J. Artley of the American House.

O. F. Spencer has returned from a trip to Buffalo.

Mrs. John Carmody of Cygnet, is visiting friends and relatives in this place.

The school building on Kendell Street has been undergoing some needed repairs. School opened Monday morning with an unusually large attendance, and everything bids fair for a pleasant and profitable school year.

The dance given by the O. I. H. Tuesday evening at the Opera House was largely attended. Jamison's Orchestra furnished the music. A very inviting repast was served in the hall by the ladies. The party was enjoyable in every respect.

Swept by the Tide of Popularity

To the topmost pinnacle of success, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters stands a shining proof of what genuine merit, backed by the living force of proven facts, can attain. The North and South American continents, Europe, Australia, the West Indies, Guatemala and Mexico have all contributed wide patronage and testimony of the most favorable kind—but unsolicited—to swell the reputation of this sterling remedy. Among the maladies for which the most convincing public and professional testimony proves that it is a benign curative, are chills and fever, bilious remittent, dumb ague cake, dyspepsia, liver complaint, nervousness, debility, kidney and bladder complaints. It mitigates the infirmities of age, hastens convalescence, has a tendency to prevent ill consequences from exposure and exhaustion. Persons of sedentary habits and laborious occupations.

D. C. YOUNG is selling off his goods at reduced rates preparatory to moving into his new store.

Only Three More.

Harvest excursions will be run to points in Northern Iowa, Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, Nebraska, Colorado and Kansas, via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway. Tickets will be on sale in Pittsburgh, Corry, Meadville, Oil City and all points on Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago and New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio Railways as well as Pittsburgh and Western and Pittsburgh and Lake Erie at one fare for the round trip, good for thirty days. The dates are September 10 and 24, and October 8. For rates of fare, circulars and full information call on or write to John R. Pott, Traveling Passenger Agent Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, Williamsport, Pa. Name the place you desire visiting.

Saved my Child's Life.

J. S. Weaver, Secretary Iron Steamboat Company, New York says: I wish to say to the public that I had a child about four years of age, lying at the point of death with summer complaint, (diarrhœa) the doctor and all of us having given up hope. The doctor, however, advised us to get some of Speer's Port Wine, and give her a little at a time—very little, but often. As a last resort we did so, and I say that Speer's Port Wine saved her life. She is my only child. I had never seen Mr. Speer, but with tears of joy, I went and told him that his wine had saved the life of my only child.

A Sensible Man

Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It is curing more cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup and all Throat and Lung Troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a Sample Bottle *Free* to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Large Bottles 50c. and $1.

A real Surprise

Is in store for all who use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the great guaranteed remedy. Would you believe that it is sold on its merits and that any druggist is authorized by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy to give you a sample bottle free? It never fails to cure acute or chronic coughs. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam. Large Bottles 50 cents and $1.

D. C. YOUNG is selling off his goods at reduced rates preparatory to moving into his new store.

D. C. YOUNG is selling off his goods at reduced rates preparatory to moving into his new store.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

[This column will be open to short contributions from ladies, especially housekeepers, and any cooking or other receipts which they have tried and found good will be thankfully received. Also brief communications from farmers and fruit growers on the various things in which they are interested, are requested. Let us tell of what we have learned by experience, and of the very best ways of doing things, and so "help one another." Address

EDITOR FARM AND HOUSEHOLD,
Care of MINER, Smethport, Pa.

KITCHEN.

The editor has tried the following receipts and found them good.

BAKED MACARONI.

Break the macaroni into pieces about an inch long; put into a sauce pan of boiling water with a little salt and boil until tender, but not until it splits open; drain well; butter a pudding dish and into it place alternate layers of cheese and macaroni—macaroni first with bits of butter; finish with cheese and a few spoonfuls of milk or cream. Cover the dish and bake half an hour. Serve in the dish in which it was baked.

BEEF LOAF.

To one pound of beef (from the round) chopped fine; add one egg, one-third of a cup of fine bread crumbs, salt and pepper. Make into a loaf with a little flour on outside and roast, with frequent basting. Garnish with parsley leaves.

ONIONS A LA CRÊME.

Take your good sized onions, boil till well done, add butter, salt, pepper and one-quarter pint of milk. Let it boil up once after adding milk; then serve.

WHITE LAYER CAKE.

One cup sugar, one-half cup of butter, one-half cup sweet milk, two cups sugar, one and a-half teaspoonfuls baking powder and whites of four eggs. Sift the baking powder through the flour twice. Whip the eggs to a stiff froth. Cream the butter and sugar, add half the milk and flour, beating thoroughly; add remainder, and last of all, beat in the eggs. Bake in layer tins and when cold, spread with either one of the following fillings:

CARAMEL.—Two cups sugar, one-half cup cream, one piece of butter size of walnut. Cook until it candies in water, stirring all the time; then beat until cold and add one-half teaspoonful vanilla.

APPLE.—One and a half cups sugar, juice and grated rind of one lemon, two grated apples, whites of two eggs; all beaten thoroughly together.

PINEAPPLE.—One and a half cups of sugar, two pieces of candied pineapple chopped in small pieces, or half a can of grated pineapple without the juice. Boil until it waxes. Add the beaten whites of two eggs until cold. This last filling is [illegible].

BOILED FROSTING.—Six tablespoonfuls of sugar to the white of one egg. Water enough to dissolve the sugar and boil until it waxes. Add the waxed sugar to the beaten egg while hot and beat until cool. Beat into this desecated cocoanut for cocoanut filling.

All boiled frosting should be added to the whites of the eggs while hot, and beaten continually until cold enough to spread.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

BUTTERSCOTCH.—One cup butter, one of molasses, one of sugar and a pinch of soda. Boil awhile, and try by dropping in cold water.

BUTTER TAFFY.—One cup sugar, one half cup water, one teaspoonful of molasses, two of vinegar, butter size of an egg.

FARM.

After planting a young tree, throw about the roots chip dirt, wood ashes or broken bones, and then fill up with the top soil, but no fresh manure, or fermenting material. We have seen people put oats in around the roots of trees they were planting, but do not know if it is a good plan or not. Would like to hear from some of our readers on this subject.

Throw wash water around the plum trees. It is a splendid fertilizer and will add much to the quantity and quality of the crops.

It is a well-known fact that carrots and rutabagas are excellent for cows and horses in the winter. During a recent visit to Scott's farm, near Erie, one of the largest and best in the State, we noticed a great field of these vegetables, and what the several times millionaire farmer raises on a large scale, our less moneyed ones can raise on a smaller scale, and realize proportionately the same profits in the keeping of their stock.

FOOD FOR FOWLS.—The Orange County *Farmer* has this to say on the use of clover as a food for hens: "Take a good cider barrel, remove the head without breaking it all to pieces, so that you can use it to put back again, then pack your barrel down tight with the second crop clover hay, the younger and tenderer the better. When I say pack it down tight, I mean it must be rammed and jammed down as though you had a grudge against it. When your barrel is full, put on your lid and on the lid place a stone, a good sized one that takes two men to lift. You can prepare as many barrels as you think you will need, but I'll warrant that before the next spring comes around, you will wish you had a dozen. Your barrel will cost you about a dollar. To use it, take your barrel apart, leaving the cheese of clover standing in a dry place, and when you want to use it take a long, sharp knife and shave it off, in as short lengths as you can. Feed it to your hens for a noonday meal, omitting grain. It isn't necessary to go into details and tell why all this trouble is taken; suffice it to say that clover is an egg-food. Every farmer knows that when poultry have access to a clover-patch they always give an abundance of eggs. Fowls like bulky food, and a strict corn diet is too fattening, although they must have a fair portion of it in winter. For summer food, I think boiled oats and wheat screening superior to any. Why boil your oats? asks some one. Well, this is not actually necessary; the idea is to soften them, as fowls will eat them clean and they do not stick in the crop. An easy but not shiftless way is to pour a kettle of boiling water over a bucketful of oats, and cover them over with something to keep the steam in. Do this half an hour or more before you wish to use them.

GEMS FOR THE HOUSEHOLD.

How beautiful are the feet of her who bringeth a good dinner.

Vinegar helps digestion, but a sour temper ruins it.

A man's daily walk is not measured by the thickness of his carpet.

Let me make the bread of the nation, and I care not who makes its pies.

Many a woman is an expert in crayon drawing, who is not skillful in drawing tea.

If you borrow you must lend, therefore, whatsoever you are unwilling that men should borrow of you, borrow not of them.

Flattery is foolishness, and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise; nevertheless, the discreet wife may use a little of it for her husband's sake.

WANTS INFORMATION.

A correspondent inquires as to the kinds of fruit best adapted to the climate of McKean and Potter counties. Will some fruit grower who knows by experience, please give him the desired information.

ED. MINER.

LITERARY NOTES.

The Dalineator is a monthly magazine illustrating metropolitan fashions of all the latest styles and novelties in ladies', misses' and children's fashions, with full descriptions of new goods, new styles, new trimmings and practical articles on subjects connected with dress and the household. It is an invaluable magazine for ladies' use. Published by The Butterick Publishing Co., 7, 9 and 11 west 13th street, New York city.—Price $1.00.

DURING the comming volume *The Century* is to have an illustrated series of articles on the French Salons of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, including pen portraits of many of the leaders and a detailed account of the organization and composition of several historical salons. A great number of interesting portraits will be given with the series.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"Mather!"
"The Mather!"
"The Mather Glove!"
"The Mather Perfect Glove Fastening!"

Doubtless you will hear very many of the above expressions among the owners of kid gloves the coming season. Not only for the beautiful finish of the glove, but for the new style of direct lacing used on them.

By this patent, any length of glove is instantly drawn squarely together and firmly held around the arm and wrist by a clasp and silk cords about three inches longer than the gloves when laced. It will not come unfastened till desired, and is the only convenient fastner known. No hooks, no buttons, no vexatious delays. Is as easily unfastened as fastened.

Stickney, Bell & Co. invite your inspection of a full line of these gloves in black and colors, just received.

And while speaking of gloves, we want to mention a little job of about eight dozen men's dog and buck driving gloves, at 75 cents a pair, which are well worth $1.25. We bought them at a bargain and are willing to sell them so.

FROM HAND TO FOOT.

—NOTICE.—

This Shoe is made with the ADAMS INNERSOLE (Pat. Oct. 18, 1887), which is a Heavy Double Canvas, made expressly for this purpose, and is the MOST FLEXIBLE of any innersole in use, at the same time the Strongest, and will outwear any shoe, while the shoe can be repaired as well as any having a leather innersole. No stitch can cut through it, and the surface is smooth, making the shoe STRONGER, SOFTER, EASIER than any Hand-Sewed.

Above is a notice coming in each box of a new shoe we have. The shoe is medium priced and sightly, and is bound to please in looks, comfort and wear.

Although our shoe trade is immense we are not satisfied to do well, but are continually on the watch for better goods and better values. What's to your interest is to our interest. The better goods we can give you for your money, the better you are suited. Your neighbor learns of it. We have two customers where we had one. We strive to get all we can, keep what we have of customers.

A ladies' fine kid shoe, solid insole, solid outsole and counter, worked buttonhole, for $1.50. A pair must be a trade winner. See it, examine it, pass your judgment on it, buy it if it suits you. We have not forgotten the old stand-bys in finer grades. The Mary Stewart, Spanish, A la Mode, Waukenfast, all are here.

We also have a new school shoe for the children. Solid, well we should say. But then who needs solid shoes if not the school children? Who takes more steps or does more kicking? We all know how it was ourselves. But this shoe—well we can show you just how it is made, and what made of, so if you can judge of material you'll know whether it is what is claimed or not. Heel and spring heel.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.'S
EAST SMETHPORT.

WILLIAMS & ROGERS'

Rochester Business University

A LEADING, POPULAR, PRACTICAL COMMERCIAL SCHOOL.

Commercial, Shorthand, Practical English and Military Departments.

Presents an opportunity for securing preparation for the real work of life, which thousands of Young men have found a stepping stone to HONORABLE and CONSPICUOUS SUCCESS. The Institution is in a most prosperous condition, and its patronage is composed of a superior class of young men and women from all parts of the continent. Send for catalogue and illustrated circular to WILLIAMS & ROGERS, Rochester, N. Y. 8-29-tf

---

Mrs. T. D. NASH'S
FIRST ◆ FALL ◆ STOCK
NOW OPEN.

CHOICE DISPLAY OF DRESS NOVELTIES.

Silks, Velvets and Plushes.

Striped Skirting.

Magnificent Assortment of Plain Plaid Striped All Wool Dress Fabrics.

A nice line of Solid Black Hosiery, fast Colors, and all sizes. Also a full line of Colored Hosiery.

An Elegant line of Dressed and Undressed Kid Gloves, Silk Gloves, Black Mitts etc.

Muslins, bleached and unbleached; Tickings, Damask Tabling, Lined Napkins, Towels, Crashes, etc.

We have also received a very nice supply of Fall and Winter Hats, Turbans, Bonnets, Tips, Ostrich Feathers, Ribbons etc.

ALL KINDS OF DRESS TRIMMINGS.

We still keep up our stock of Shoes in which we have had a very satisfactory trade, the shoes proving all they were recommended to be.

We were careful in the selection of goods, bought first-class articles, which we will sell at a very small profit. Much smaller than most merchants ask.

HONESTY AND FAIR DEALING ALWAYS WIN.

Mrs. T. D. NASH.

Smethport Pa., September 10, 1889.

A. T. PALMER,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

DEALER IN HORSES, Wagons, Carriages, Carts, Harness, Etc.

WATER STREET BARN.

—ALSO—

FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,
BENNETT HOUSE BARN.
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE. SMETHPORT, PA.

It Makes You Hungry

"I have used Paine's Celery Compound and it has had a salutary effect. It invigorated the system and I feel like a new man. It improves the appetite and facilitates digestion." J. T. Copeland, Primus, S. C.

Spring medicine means more now-a-days than it did ten years ago. The winter of 1889-90 has left the nerves all fagged out. The nerves must be strengthened, the blood purified, liver and bowels regulated. Paine's Celery Compound—the Spring medicine of to-day—does all this, as nothing else can. *Prescribed by Physicians, Recommended by Druggists, Endorsed by Ministers, Guaranteed by the Manufacturers to be*

Paine's Celery Compound

is a unique tonic and appetizer. Pleasant to the taste, quick in its action, and without any injurious effect, it gives that rugged health which makes everything taste good. It cures dyspepsia and kindred disorders. Physicians prescribe it. $1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

The Best Spring Medicine.

"In the spring of 1887 I was all run down. I would get up in the morning with so tired a feeling, and was so weak that I could hardly get around. I bought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and before I had taken it a week I felt very much better. I can cheerfully recommend it to all who need a building up and strengthening medicine." Mrs. B. A. Dow, Burlington, Vt.

DIAMOND DYES Color anything any color. Never Fail! Always sure! | **LACTATED FOOD** Nourishes babies perfectly. The Physician's favorite.

LEONARD & BLAIR,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CROCKERY, GLASS and STONEWARE HOUSE.

The finest, cheapest and best line of Chinaware, Glassware, Table Furnishing, Table Cutlery, Silverware and Bric-a-Brac in the city. Stock large, new, well selected and cheap.

-:- GAS FITTINGS AND FIXTURES -:-

of all kinds a specialty. Of these we have as fine a variety as can be found in any city stock.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

No. 66 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

ATTENTION!

I wish to say a few words to my friends and customers. After many years of pleasant dealings with the people of Smethport and vicinity, I deem it my duty to inform them that I am at all times prepared to

MEET -:- COMPETITION

in a business way and on

BUSINESS : PRINCIPLES!

I have in many ways improved my business and am constantly

-:- ADDING TO MY STOCK -:-

so as to make it the leading and reliable Clothing and

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

—OF McKEAN COUNTY.—

I can be found in my store and at all times pleased to see my old and new customers, where they may rely on

FAIR AND HONEST DEALING.

All I want is a call, and I will convince you it is to your interest to deal with

RELIABLE : MERCHANTS

and not with temporary dealers, or dealers who start in business for a few days, trying to make the public believe they are here to stay, and can save your money by buying of them. It is not so, for I can assure each and every one of my customers, and I can prove to them that I have the

LARGEST STOCK

and the FINEST GOODS and the

LOWEST PRICES

in town. All I want is a call and I will convince you

WHAT I SAY IS TRUE

and not simply a trap to get you to buy. Soliciting a call, I am yours truly,

H. W. RUBIN,

The Reliable Clothier and Merchant Tailor, - Smethport, Pa.

INSURANCE.

SMETHPORT HOME AGENCY,

HASKILL & BURDICK.

We represent the following

Old and Reliable Companies:

Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia the oldest Insurance Co. in the world. Assets	$8,436,591
Pennsylvania Fire,	2,890,867
Franklin	3,181,248
Royal, Liverpool	4,845,195
Fire Insurance Association of London (U S Branch)	893,445
Sun, Fire, London	1,348,610
Hanover, New York	2,479,654

Do not obtain Insurance in another State as long as you can get insured at home in as reliable companies as the above.

HASKILL & BURDICK,

Bank Building, Main Street, - Smethport, Pa.

A PURELY UNBIASED VIEW.

The Upheaval Regarded from a Dispassionate Standpoint.

CONSIDERING THE EVENTS OF 1794

Characteristics as He Really Was [illegible] of the [illegible]—The Character of Robespierre Impartially Considered—Want of Action the Cause of His Destruction.

By JUNIUS HENRI BROWNE.

(Copyright [illegible] Press Association.)

VIII.

[illegible] must be thought of [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] of the firm and [illegible] character that [illegible] has a right to [illegible] popular [illegible].

[illegible] he made various studies [illegible], and in his boyhood took some lessons [illegible] from Rousseau. He was afterwards drawn to the writings of the philosophers of the eighteenth century which [illegible] a controlling influence on his life.

Appointed procureur of the commune in September, 1792, he labored in his public capacity to abolish corporal punishment in the schools, to close houses of gambling and ill repute, to suppress lotteries, the sale of licentious books and engravings, to keep open the libraries every day, instead of two hours a week as had formerly been the rule, to provide the hospitals and the insane with better accommodations, to ameliorate the condition of the poor, the old and infirm—in a word, to help in every way the cause of suffering humanity. Carried away by the ballot of events, he [illegible] all the most important measures of the Revolution and advocated in the name of section of Paris and before the convention the creation of the revolutionary army. He was particularly concerned in the movement against the Roman Catholic church, which was the result of the evidences of the refractory clergy, and of their determination to excite on every hand civil war against the country and the Revolution. He was called a Hébertist and was one effectually though he differed widely from Hébert and his immediate followers on various points, notably in his willingness to allow the Commune to sanction all the acts of the Cordeliers.

It Robespierre, who had made up his mind to destroy Chaumette with others unfriendly to his popularity that he for awhile deferred his [illegible]. Chaumette [illegible] connected with the [illegible] conspiracy attributed to his friends. But, in such a crisis, anything or everything was [illegible]. He was arrested a few days after their death, and subjected to the [illegible] form of a trial. He was [illegible] before his judges. He declared to [illegible] had been doomed [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible] crushed the philosophers and [illegible] all the martyrs of [illegible] says Louis Blanc, [illegible] blood for religious liberty, the thousands of persecuted Protestants, [illegible] in this apostle of Reason was the voice of Paris.

CHAUMETTE.

THE CORDELIERS

The club of the Cordeliers, to which the Hébertists belonged and of which [illegible] is not clearly understood [illegible] here as a separate body from the Jacobin club. The [illegible] had been from 1789 a [illegible] active organization. It derived its name from a meeting where the monastery of that order had stood, and which it resembled in its democratic character and its disregard of property. It was the largest and strictest [illegible] [illegible] members of the club [illegible] fraternal [illegible] admitted for their [illegible] [illegible] Parisian [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] could it well seem to be more [illegible] or dangerous, which is the best [illegible] accepting it as representative of the Revolution.

The Jacobins were more dignified, more [illegible] reserved, receiving suggestions from the [illegible] but [illegible] their own deliberations [illegible] a great society, with branches in every [illegible] part [illegible] they necessarily had great [illegible]. The influence of the Cordeliers was [illegible] other hand, entirely at home [illegible] streets, in the public squares, in the [illegible], in the Commune. They furnished [illegible] the practical and deadly [illegible]. Marat, Danton, Camille [illegible], [illegible] Robert, Legendre, [illegible] were among its founders, and its membership comprised [illegible] of the ablest and boldest of the revolutionists. It was not, in any way, as has often been thought, a rival of the Jacobin club. Many of the same men belonged to both, and the two occupied substantially the same ground.

The Cordeliers, however, had more initiative boldness, confidence and led off in many of the procedures which firmly established the Revolution. At the beginning of 1794, near the middle of the Terror, Desmoulins, Danton and many of their colleagues, tempered their views and thus brought themselves into collision with Robespierre, who had for some time found Danton too strong to control. They were given the name of Indulgents, being the reverse of the party of the Enragés or Hébertists, which the Robespierreans had succeeded in crushing by decapitating their leaders. The Cordeliers were, therefore, divided, and Desmoulins started a new journal to which he gave the title Le Vieux Cordelier.

WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

The more we know of the French Revolution, of its antecedents and concomitants, the less severe our judgments of its principal actors are likely to be. Only a slight acquaintance with that time of stress and struggle is apt to excite the belief that it was a protracted national delirium that craved nothing but blood, blood, blood—a species of political thuggee which subsisted on murder. It was a sort of madness, but madness containing method. The people had been so long and bitterly oppressed that, when they attempted to throw off their oppression, they had so extraordinary success as to inflame their worst passions. All the power, which they had never enjoyed, and had never hoped to enjoy, suddenly fell into their hands and they abused it necessarily and hideously.

Their leaders, though mostly honest and primarily humane, became demagogues perforce since, without the commons, they could accomplish nothing. And they conscientiously cherished the good and the advancement of the commons, but had no faith in other than violent means. Why should they have? How could they? Force must be met with force. After the mob had risen and captured the Bastile, the nobility, their ancient and everlasting enemies, fled the country, and sought to gather soldiers to put down the new order of things. Then the other European powers combined against them, exposing them at once to domestic and foreign foes. It seemed as if all monarchic civilization had united against republican France to quench her first and sublime aspirations for independence. The French people were at white heat, every mind was lifted to its highest power and worked at its best. Suspicion was in the air, each rumor was credited, public feeling was in the extreme.

CAMILLE DESMOULINS.

Nearly all the revolutionary chiefs were young, most of them under forty, and they labored supremely in the cause. Their speeches and writings blazed with passion, eloquence and force. The entire nation [illegible] became [illegible] with patriotism, which never had [illegible] a larger or a loftier flight than during the last years of the past century in France. Every [illegible] seemed to be ready to die for his country, and tens of thousands profited by the abundant opportunities. The young republic, while its citizens were constantly killing one another in the name of its welfare, presented a sublime example of resistance and combativeness against overwhelming odds. All her sons were in the field, levies were made in the mass throughout the [illegible] and there seemed to be a universal determination to do or die, and the guillotine was daily slaughtering her stanchest and noblest friends.

The [illegible] enacted there especially under the Terror, are inexpressibly shocking, and [illegible] heart to think of. They have not their parallel in history. Indeed, the first [illegible] Revolution is terribly distressingly unique. And when we remember how the French were beset, within and without, by scarcity and war, how they were torn and tortured by every form of calumny was heaped upon them, we cannot condemn their barbarous excesses save with an intermixture of pity. They who slew were slain in turn. The Revolution, like Saturn, devoured her own children. Her atrocities were proportioned to the enormous wrongs that gave her birth. Revolting diabolical as they are we must admit that they were committed in a gigantic struggle for human freedom, and that the dreadful lesson has not been lost. There is a hope and a future for the oppressed which there would not, and could not have been but for the stupendous issues of 1793 and 1794.

THE GODDESS OF REASON.

ROBESPIERRE.

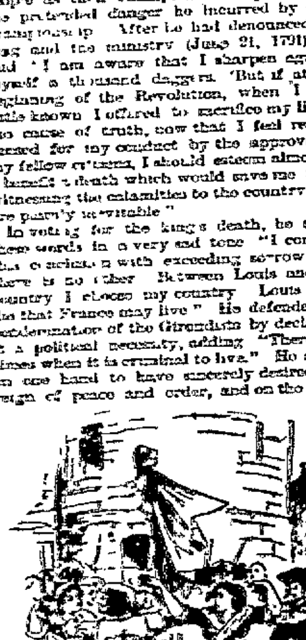
Robespierre having extinguished the Hébertists, on the ground that they were too violent, now decided to extinguish Danton, Camille Desmoulins and their adherents, because they were too lenient. He had long been steadily advancing to the head of the government—he was the president of the committee of public safety—and was, at the close of the winter of 1794 virtually dictator. A more singular inconsistent character has never been revealed. He is usually regarded as a cold, scheming, crafty, ambitious, bloodthirsty villain, a very fiend in malignity. Crafty and ambitious he certainly was, and a prudent demagogue, though his cruelty and malice have been denied. He has had ardent defenders and eulogists, some of them going so far as to pronounce him a devotee of humanity, and all his butcheries committed with [illegible] not from a conscientious sense of duty to the cause of popular freedom and progress. His antecedents do not [illegible] to have been the opposite of cruel. He is thought to have had generations back an Irish strain but some of his progenitors in France had [illegible].

A native of Arras, where his father had been an unsuccessful advocate, who had deserted his family to live in Germany, his grandfather superintended his later education. He attended the College of Louis le Grand, at Paris, where Fréron, the younger Camille Desmoulins and Danton were his fellow students. Remarkable for diligence, quietness and talents as well as a kind of dreaminess, he returned home to pursue his father's profession and achieved considerable distinction. He also cultivated letters, winning local renown as a poet and essayist. As a member of the criminal court it became his duty to sentence a culprit to death, the thoughts of which filled him with such pain that he resigned his office to avoid the obligation. He had been a close student of Rousseau and was a believer in his teachings. In politics he was a radical democrat and an enthusiast in behalf of humanity.

As a member of the constituent assembly he voted against the suspensive veto power of the king, resisted the adoption of martial law, the disabilities of actors, Jews and negroes in the colonies, favored the abolition of capital punishment, and the enforced celibacy of priests. His theories and practices were strikingly inconsistent. When he advocated an extreme measure he invariably explained his position by [illegible] as if anxious to appear different from his real self. He was fond of playing the demagogue by appealing to the people as their champion and portraying the pretended danger he incurred by such championship. After he had denounced the king and the ministry (June 21, 1791), he said "I am aware that I sharpen against myself a thousand daggers. But if at the beginning of the Revolution, when I was little known, I offered to sacrifice my life to the cause of truth, now that I feel recompensed for my conduct by the approval of my fellow citizens, I should esteem almost as a benefit a death which would save me from witnessing the calamities to the country that are purely inevitable."

ROBESPIERRE.

In voting for the king's death, he spoke these words in a very sad tone "I come to this conclusion with exceeding sorrow, but there is no other. Between Louis and my country I choose my country. Louis must die that France may live." He defended his condemnation of the Girondists by declaring it a political necessity, adding "There are times when it is criminal to live." He seems on one hand to have sincerely desired the reign of peace and order, and on the other to have preached terror as essential to the success of the Revolution, which he continually feared would fail unless all the persons he distrusted were destroyed.



STREET SCENE IN PARIS.

Robespierre appears not to have been naturally heartless, but he was suspicious, rather timid, a man of speech and theory instead of action, and singularly greedy of power. He undoubtedly believed in the people, and yet was often shocked at their barbarities. He took no part in the frequent insurrections of Paris. Although he felt that much blood must be shed, yet he always sought excuse for shedding it, and was glad to transfer the responsibility. If he had been a man of nerve and action he would not probably have lost his head. His lack of will was the cause of his destruction.

News About Town.

It is the current report about town that Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs is making some remarkable cures with people who are troubled with Coughs, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Any druggist will give you a trial bottle *free of cost.* It is guaranteed to relieve and cure. The Large Bottles are 50c and $1.

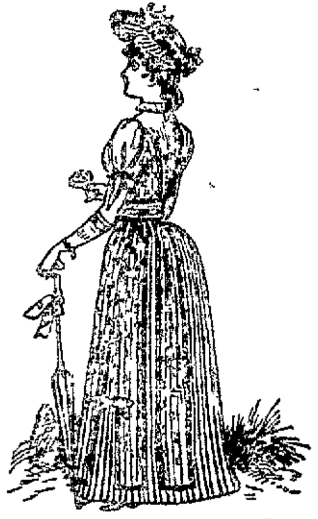
English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Every bottle warranted. For sale by A. E. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

CORRECT STYLES IN DRESS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

The Incoming Fashions—A Felix Costume and a Virot Hat for Autumn Wear—A Picturesque and Comfortable Blouse Dress for Little Girls.

Numbered with early importations are the charming Felix costume and Virot hat shown in the annexed cut. The dress is of a pale brown silk and striped brown wool and silk, with chenille dots embroidered in the stripe.



FELIX DRESS AND VIROT HAT.

The plain silk skirt is accordion plaited. The bodice is finished with an Empire belt. The pointed plastron back and front of the bodice is of plaited silk and the pointed puff on the sleeve matches, the whole being bordered with brown velvet.

The hat worn with this charming dress has a brown velvet crown and a black lace front, the garniture consists of pink roses.

New York Styles.

The first French dresses imported for autumn repeat many of the designs brought out late in the summer by Parisian modistes. Round waists, full sleeves and straight skirts reappear with variations. Jacket waists and elaborate fronts of corsages remain in vogue, and basques are not wholly abandoned. Some features of the Directoire coat are retained, and new ones are added. Passementerie, ornaments, fur and feathers, with velvet cut bias and also velvet ribbons, are the trimmings of the first dark dresses.

The round waist is without darts, and, paradoxical as it may sound, is slightly pointed in front and back. It has but few seams, and may be either plain or full on the shoulders, its fullness below is plaited or gathered to the points at the waist line, and it is trimmed there by vandyke points of embroidery or of passementerie, or else it is edged by a folded ribbon, fastened by a bow without ends on the left side. The round shallow yoke so often mentioned will still be made of velvet, silk, moire or embroidery, or of the dress material covered by passementerie. The high standing collar and mutton leg sleeves will be made for most woolen dresses, cloth dresses, however, seldom have very full sleeves, as they cannot be worn under a cloth jacket or fitted coat.

The skirts of new dresses are hung to appear almost straight, yet those of heavy fabrics have one or two short steels in their foundation skirt merely to support them, not to add to their size, the pad bustles are omitted altogether. The fronts and sides of many skirts are perfectly flat while all are made full in the back by means of gathers or plaits, or some lengthwise jabot folds.

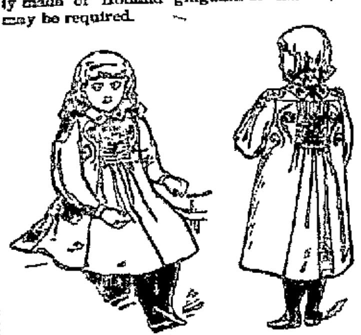
Silk velvets both plain and figured and shot moire ribbons will be much used for parts of dresses, for wraps and for bonnets or their trimmings. Short sleeveless jackets of velvet of faille or of moire will form the bodies of many dresses of silk or of fine wool, according to Harper's Bazar, which is an authority for the foregoing.

New Trimmings.

Judging from recent importations in dress trimmings, points are to be the mode, and it will be possible to have apparently most elaborately braided dresses with but little trouble. Gowns are to be arranged with these deep vandykes formed of braid coming almost to the knee, on the fronts of the skirt. They are made often with the braid placed on edge, and many widths are used. The patterns are elaborate and Etruscan in their style. Cord is often intermixed, and this adds a great deal to the intricacies of the pattern. There is quite a new range of trimmings also in the form of silk guipure. They resemble the imitations of Spanish and Italian lace amateurs worked some years ago with braid braid, the edges trimmed with silk cord, and the interstices filled in with stitches. It is extremely rich and handsome looking and is a vast improvement to a dress. Whether in guipure or braid the character is the same, long or short the points are united at the base only. The same class of trimmings and rich guipures are made for the first time in pure white (not cream) silk and very pretty they are. The black braid trimmings can be had in either silk or wool, and in navy or myrtle navy blue being the tone that is more in demand than all the rest put together.

Child's Blouse Dress.

In the illustration is shown a simple and at the same time attractive blouse, which mothers will find to be a very convenient garment for children at play. It is inexpensively made of Holland gingham or flannel, as may be required.



CHILD'S BLOUSE.

As the cut gives both a back and front view of the blouse further description is rendered unnecessary.

Fashion Notes.

A new mahogany shade is introduced for autumn under the name of "Le Buffalo Bill."

Some of the new silks show irregular reps.

Slippers are more worn than boots for evening, though women to whom slippers are not becoming wear boots of kid or satin to match the gown.

How to Coax Them.

An elderly man was telling a group of giddy young girls the other day how he proposed to his wife when he was a young man. She was sewing at the time, he said, or he would never have had the courage to do it. If girls would sew more he thinks they would have more matrimonial chances. Sewing he considers the best accomplishment that a woman can have. A woman engaged with a needle has a domestic, homelike air that is irresistible to a man who loves her. It is a picture of what she would be in her own home, and makes him long that it should be his also. How can a man propose to a girl who sits straight up in her chair staring hard at him with a pair of bright eyes? But when she is bending gracefully over a bit of plain or fancy sewing, apparently absorbed in counting the stitches, and the arrows of her eyes are sheathed for a few minutes, he plucks up courage enough to offer her his heart and hand.

The average young man is bashful in such affairs, though bold enough at other times, and needs encouragement and opportunities. What sort of encouragement is a pair of bright eyes staring into his, watching his embarrassment? Listen to the advice of an old man who has been all through it, drop your eyes and give the young man a chance. Remember this, girls, when the favorite young man drops in to make an evening visit, get out your bit of fancy work and look domestic, and with every stitch of your needle you will bind his heart more firmly to your own.

This is the advantage that the English girls are said to possess over the American girls—they are more domestic, if they shine less brilliantly in society than their American sisters their domestic virtues shed a steady luster in their homes. This, of course, is looking at the question from an English point of view. The American girls are capable of doing both, domesticity is not incompatible with social brilliancy, and many of society's queens are careful housekeepers and devoted wives and mothers, keeping their sweetest words and smiles for their own homes.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

Testimonials for Dennis' Remedies

TURTLE POINT, Pa., July 24, 1889.

Mr. G. T. Dennis.

DEAR SIR:—I have taken one bottle of your Blood, Liver and Kidney Cure, and used one package of your Vegetable Compound which cost me only $1 50 and will cheerfully recommend it highly for Rheumatism for it has helped me very much. Yours Truly, Mrs. Mary L. Gardiner.

Mr. B. W. Vallen of Westport, Clinton County, Pa., writes

Mr. G. T. Dennis.

DEAR SIR:—I have been selling your medicines on Kettle Creek, this county and they give good satisfaction. Mrs. Emeline Brooks says that she thinks that your Liver Pills are just the thing for Constipation of the bowels, and can't be beat. I have used your Cough Syrup, Balm of Gilead Salve and Medicated Soap and find that they are all that they are recommended to be, especially the Soap and Salve will just knock poison from Ivy or Mercury or any other cause, higher than a kite.

100 Ladies Wanted.

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and cleaning up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it. Large size package, 50 cents. At all druggists'.

MORRISTOWN, TENN., July 4, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gentlemen—Five years ago I was so unfortunate as to contract an extremely bad case of [illegible]. My bones ached and my muscles began to swell and contract. I was under treatment of the physician from the inception of the disease until I found that he could do me no good. Then, through the advice of a friend I began taking S. S. S. Your medicine seemed to have an immediate effect. I took six bottles, and to-day I am sound and well. That was two or three years ago but I have seen no evidence of the return of the disease, and I take this opportunity to thank you for what it has done for me. It saved my life. You can refer any one to me.

R. M. WALL.

FARMERSVILLE, TEX., June 22, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen—The mother of a member of our firm was afflicted with a cancerous sore on her face for about twenty years. During the past few years it troubled her very much by causing pain and itching. She took S. S. S., and the sore has disappeared and is apparently well. Should it break out again, will advise you.

Very truly,

PENDLETON, YEARLY & RILEY, Druggists.

Three books mailed free on application.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,

Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

THE STERLING CO.

Manufacturers of

THE STERLING PIANOS,

which for Quality of Tone, Beauty of Design, FINISH and adaptability for standing in Tune have no equal.

Every Piano Warranted for Five Years

And satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser

Also Manufacture the WORLD RENOWNED

STERLING ORGAN

Factories, Derby, Conn.

April 15 -3-6m

JAMES McNULTY

Merchant Tailor!

EAST MAIN STREET,

Smethport, Pa.

A fine lot of samples kept constantly on hand. Mr. McNulty's reputation as a superior cutter and artist is well established. Good suits for 24 and 25 dollars and job work promptly attended to. Give him a call.

Smethport, April 16, 1886.-tf

HIRES ROOT BEER

One 25c. Package makes 5 gallons of a most Delicious, Sparkling, Temperance Beverage. Strengthens and Purifies the Blood. Its purity and delicacy of flavor commend it to all. Sold everywhere.

TRY IT.

If your Druggist or Grocer should not have it in stock, ask them to get it for you, or send 25c. to the manufacturer and you will receive it by mail.

CHARLES E. HIRES,

117 & 119 Arch St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

April 5, 89-tf.

Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

Shorthand by Mail in 6 months— Williamsport, Pa. Commercial College

---

Western New York & Pa. R. R.

(FORMERLY B., N. Y. & P. R. R.)

Time Table in effect Nov. 1st, 1888

NORTH'D			BUFFALO DIVISION	SOUTH'D		
p m	p m	a m.	Eastern Time	a. m.	p m	p m
7 00	1 15	8 25	Ar Buffalo Lv.	8 40	3 30	5 01
6 15	12 [illegible]	7 50	East Aurora	9 09	4 07	5 29
5 37	12 05	7 16	Chaffee	9 31	4 42	6 02
5 30	12 00	7 11	Arcade	9 42	4 49	6 19
4 58	11 37	6 42	Franklinville	10 11	5 10	7 07
4 28	11 07	6 15	Hinsdale	10 42	5 46	8 05
4 01	10 47	6 01	Olean.	11 05	6 10	8 31
p m	a m	a m		a m	p m	p m
2 15	1 50	...	Lv Bradford Ar	1 50	7 50	
7 50	1 10		Ar. Bradford Lv	2 13	4 15	
p m	a m		Lv Ar.	p m	p m	
3 48	10 52		Portville	11 20	6 26	
3 26	10 10		Eldred	11 41	6 4[illegible]	
3 18	10 03		Larrabees	11 49	6 58	
2 54	9 40		Port Allegany	12 13	7 24	
1 50	8 55		Emporium	1 15	8 20	
p m	a m		Lv. Ar	p m.	p m	
a m			Lv. Ar.		a m	
3 30			Harrisburg		4 30	
11 20			Philadelphia		8 25	
8 00			New York		11 20	
11 20			Baltimore		8 15	
10 00			Washington		9 25	
p m.			Lv Ar		a m	

Train arriving at Buffalo 8.25 a. m. and leaving Buffalo 5.30 p. m. run daily. Additional Sunday trains leave Buffalo at 8.20 a. m. arriving at Franklinville 12 00m., leave Franklinville 5 45 p. m., arriving at Buffalo at 7 40 p. m. stopping at intermediate stations.

Narrow Gauge Division. Trains leave Olean for Bradford 6 00, 11 05 a. m., 6 05 p. m., arrive Olean 9 13 a. m., 3.55, 6.00 p. m. Leave Eldred for Bradford 6 25, 11 42 a. m., 3 20, arrive Eldred 9 45 a. m., 3 10, 6.35 p. m. Leave Bradford for Kinzua 7.00, 7 50 a. m. 4.10 p. m., arrive Bradford 12.15 p. m. 8.30, 8.10 p. m.

Pullman Sleeping Cars between Emporium and Philadelphia, connecting with trains leaving Buffalo at 3.30 p. m. arriving Buffalo 7.00 p. m.

Get Time Tables giving full information from Company's Agents.

GEO S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Sup't.

J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r & T'k. Agt.

No. 64, Exchange St. Buffalo, N. Y.

CLERMONT BRANCH.

Northw'd		STATIONS	Southw'd	
P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3.10	9.35	Ar. Larrabees L'v.	11.50	7 00
3.00	9 1[illegible]	Frisbee	12 00	7 10
2.45	9 00	Farmers Valley	12.15	7.22
2.33	8 40	Smethport	12.22	7 35
2.13	7.30	Crosby	12.37	7.57
2.08	7 10	Colegrove	12 40	7.52
2.03	7.00	Hamlin	12.45	8.00
1 23	6.00	Lv Clermont Ar	1 18	8.52
P M	A M		P M	P.M

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between the Bradford and Elk county, Clarion and Bakerstown oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT AUG 20, 1889

WESTWARD				EASTWARD		
p m	a m	a m	STATIONS	a m	p m	p m.
6 50	11 50	9 05	ar Bradford lv.	[illegible] 50	2 10	6 40
6 20	11 15	8 30	Kenzua Ju	8 30	2 50	6 50
5 [illegible]	11 05	8 20	Rew City	8 44	3 00	6 59
5 30	10 39	7 54	Rixford	9 05	3 20	7 20
5 [illegible]	10 31	7 44	Duke Centre	9 10	3 27	7 25
5 05	[illegible]	7 36	Eldred	9 30	3 50	7 45
			B. E. & C. R. R.			
3 25	9 17		Ceres	10 45	4 [illegible]	
3 11	9 10		Little Genesee	10 55	4 35	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Lv Bolivar Ar	11 05	4 45	
2 30	8 35		Allentown	11 30	5 20	
2 05	8 00		lv Wellsville ar	12 05	5 55	
p m	a m	a m		a m	p m	
p m	p m	a m		a m	a m	p m.
6 50	2 15	9 05	ar Bradford lv	10 [illegible]	[illegible] 50	5 40
6 20	1 40	8 30	Kinzua Junction	11 15	8 30	6 20
6 11	1 28	8 23	Aiken	11 21	8 36	6 26
6 00	1	8 17	Davis	11 [illegible]	8 42	6 34
6 03	1 20	8 10	Simpson	11 33	8 49	6 39
5 55	1 10	8 00	Ormsby	11 43	9 00	6 50
5 25	12 45	7 [illegible]	Smethport	12 05	9 25	7 15
5 30	12 30	7 35	Mt. Jewett	1 55	9 14	7 10
4 50	10 45	6 55	Kane	[illegible]	10 00	7 50

p m	P. & W. R. R.	a m	
[illegible]	Carlsons	11 [illegible]	
	Claffeys		
3 00	Sheffield Junc.	12 05	
12 10	Clarion	2 15	
11 10	Foxburg	3 30	
10 40	Parker	3 51	
10 12	Petrolia	4 05	
[illegible]	Millerstown	4 30	
9 15	Butler	5 20	
[illegible]	Callery Junc.	6 00	
[illegible]	Bakerstown	6 [illegible]	
7 30	Allegheny	7 25	
a m		p m	

JNO. C. McKENNA, Superintendent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Nov 18, 1888.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION

EASTWARD.

8.30, a. m.—Day Express daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6 50 p. m., New York 9.35 p. m., Baltimore 6 45 p. m., Washington, 8-09 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

3 15 p. m.—Erie Mail daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Phila., New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 8 25 a. m., New York, 11.30 a. m., Baltimore 8 15 a. m., Washington 9.30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10-30 a. m.—Erie Mail daily for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

6:20 p. m.—Niagara Express, daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 7:40 a. m. Baltimore 7.30 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 6.20 p. m. with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:25 p. m., Washington 10.30 p. m., Baltimore 11:30 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10.30 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager

J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Ag't

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, June 20 1887.

AR. EASTW'D.		STATIONS.	L'V WESTW'D	
P M	P.M.		A.M.	P M
8.27	1.23	Coudersport	8.00	5.00
8.24	1.19	Hammonds	8.04	5.04
8.28	1.14	Fish Basket	8.07	5.08
8.16	1.10	Olmsted	8.12	5.12
8 11	1.05	Nelsons	8.18	5.17
8.03	12.57	Knowlton	8 25	5.26
7.57	12.50	Roulette	8.33	5.34
7 62	12.45	Pomeroy Bridge	8.28	5.38
7 43	12.38	Burtville	8.40	5.49
7.32	12.24	Coleman	9.00	6.01
7.27	12.18.5	Port Allegany	9.05	6.07

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

WAGON,

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING

A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet!

$93 Sewing-Machine FREE

To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send free to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send free a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 2 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for $93, with the attachments, and now sells for $50. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure free the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.

LADIES PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by W. T. Coller and S. L. Walls, Smethport, Pa.

DRUGS

PATENT MEDICINES,

School Books, Blank Books.

STATIONERY, FANCY GOODS.

DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

SMETHPORT, PA.

MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of

Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay

on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHOEA or incapacity induced by excess or early indiscretion.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years successful practice, that the alarming consequences of early error may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

Sample of medicine free

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.

14 Ann St., New York, N. Y. Postoffice box 450

Feb. 89-1y. 1.

ATTENTION!

Having taken the agency for the Celebrated

IVERS & POND PIANO,

of Boston, and the

STORY and CLARK ORGAN,

of Chicago, (Instruments equaled by few and excelled by no other makes, except in prices) I will sell them on time and

EASY PAYMENTS,

by the month, or quarter, to suit customers. They are warranted for five years and if after a trial of from three to six months, they fall below the recommend, will be removed at the Company's expense, and

MONEY REFUNDED.

Liberal discounts on

CASH SALES.

A reasonable price allowed for old instruments in exchange for new.

MRS. M. E. RICHMOND,

Smethport, Pa

The Best Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

—IN—

SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.,

—ALSO.—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST-CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street. - - Smethport, Pa

A $60.00 Sewing Machine FOR $14.90.

This is the "Singer Model" Machine (the *original* Singer—patent having expired). Equal to any *ever made. Superior* to many. Thoroughly well made. *Warranted for 5 years,* (signed and *registered* guaranty). Superbly finished. Walnut top and cover, drop leaf; 3 drawers. Complete with full set of nickel plated attachments and all necessary needles, bobbins and tools. Have others with 4 and 6 drawers and one without drawers or case for $12.75. Also many other useful articles on which we can save you 25 to 60 per cent. Standard Watches at unusually close figures. Send for catalogues.

A. T. EVANS & CO., 182 State St., Chicago.

9-21-tf

OUR $1 A WEEK Club System while as convenient to the buyer as any instalment system, is a wholesale spot cash system to us. The co-operation of the club members sells us 38 watches in each $38 Watch Club, and we get cash from the Club for each watch before it goes out, though each member only pays $1 a week. This is why we give you more for your money than any one else and why we are doing the largest watch business in the world. We sell only first quality goods, but our prices are about what others get for [illegible] and quality. Our $38 Silver Watch is a substantial Silver (*not imitation of any kind*) Stem-Wind American Lever Watch—either hunting case or open face. Our $38.00 Watch is a Stem-wind, Open Face, first quality, stiffened Gold American Lever Watch (*guaranteed to wear 20 years*). It is fully equal to any watch sold for $38 by others. We find a first-class Stiffened Gold Case much more satisfactory and serviceable than any Solid Gold Case that can be had at less than double the money, as cheap solid cases are invariably thin, weak, of low quality, and worthless after short use. Our $38 Watch contains numerous important patented improvements, of vital importance to accurate timing—*Patent Dustproof, Patent Stem Wind, &c.,* which we control exclusively. It is fully equal for accuracy, appearance, durability and service, to any $75 Watch, either Open Face or Hunting. Our $43.00 Railroad Watch is especially constructed for the most exacting use, and is the best Railroad Watch made. Open Face or Hunting. All these prices are either in cash or in clubs, $1.00 a week. An Ajax Watch Insulator given free with each Watch.

The Keystone Watch Club Co.

Main Office in the Case Building, 904 WALNUT ST., PHILA., PA.

Agents Wanted.

Ajax Watch Insulator, $1.00

[illegible]